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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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VOL. 41.—NO. 340.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1890.—TWENTY-EIGHT PAGES.

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DAILY GRAND OPENING OF NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S! GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR.

A Million-Dollar Stock to Select From! The Largest, Best Lighted, Best Ventilated Retail Dry Goods Store in the World to Buy in! Magnificent New Goods! Stupendous Quantities! Unheard-of Bargains! Competition Paralyzed!

NOTE THE PRICES!

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Gents' Furnishings,

From the Davis Bankrupt Stock.

10c Each.	20c a Yard.
Gents' 4-ply Linen Collars, all the latest shades, worth 30c; cuffs to match, 15c a pair.	35c a Yard.
25c Each, or 3 for \$1.	35c a Yard.
Gents' fine imported English Cashmere Socks, high spiced heel and double soles, worth 50c a pair.	35c a Yard.
50c Each.	40c a Yard.
600 dozen Gents' fine Camels'-Hair Mixed Shirts or Drawers, all sizes, worth \$1.	45c a Yard.
75c Each.	45c a Yard.
150 dozen Gents' fine Sanitary Gray Wool Shirts or Drawers, worth \$1.10.	45c a Yard.
75c Each.	50c a Yard.
150 dozen Gents' fine Scarlet Medicated All-wool Shirts or Drawers, worth \$1.	50c a Yard.
\$1 Each.	50c a Yard.
200 dozen Gents' fine Camel's-Hair Shirts or Drawers, worth \$1.50.	50c a Yard.
\$1.50 Each.	50c a Yard.
100 dozen Gents' fine extra fine all-wool fancy striped Shirts or Drawers, worth \$2.50.	50c a Yard.
\$2.25 a Solt.	50c a Yard.
500 dozen Gents' fine Camel's-Hair Derby Rib Shirts and Drawers, extra fine finish, worth \$5 a suit.	50c a Yard.
85c Each.	50c a Yard.
500 dozen Gents' fine Flannellette Shirts, worth 50c.	50c a Yard.
50c Each.	50c a Yard.
1,000 dozen Gents' Domet Flannel Shirts, in light or dark patterns, worth 50c.	50c a Yard.
\$1 Each.	50c a Yard.
250 dozen Gents' heavy Scotch Flannel Shirts, in light or dark plaid and stripes, worth \$1.50.	50c a Yard.
\$1.50 Each.	50c a Yard.
100 dozen Gents' extra fine fancy striped Scotch Flannel Shirts, with patent non-shrinking band, worth \$2.50.	50c a Yard.

Art Needlework.

17 1-2c Yard.	Fancy bordered Linen Scrims, with open-work, colored borderings, in pink, blue, old gold and cardinal, worth 25c.
25c Yard.	Double-width Linen Scrims, for scarfs and tides, worth 50c a yard.
75c and 85c.	Elegant designs in 22-inch fancy figured China Silks, worth 90c and \$1.
\$1.95.	Fancy hand-worked Antique Lace Table and Dresser Scarfs, worth \$2.50.
25c a Set.	Of five (5) pieces of Dresser Doilies, in white or ecru momie linen, worth 30c. Plush Balls, Ornaments and Tassels in great profusion from 10c per dozen up.

Laces and Neckwear.

Special sale of Flouncing and Drapery Nets this week. Don't miss it.	
35c a Yard.	10 pieces 48-inch Black Striped and Poika Dot Drapery Net, regular price 60c a yard.
50c a Yard.	18 pieces All-Silk Poika Dot Drapery Net, 48-inch, worth 50c a yard.
75c a Yard.	18 pieces 42-inch Black Spanish Guipure Lace Flouncing, every thread silk warranted, pearl edge, regular price \$1.25 a yard.
5c a Yard.	50 pieces Hand-made Torchon Laces, 3 inches wide, really cheap at 85c.
25c Each.	60 pieces Lace and Ribbon Pompadour Collarettes, the very latest in neckwear.
10c Each.	100 dozen Children's Lace, Embroidered and Irish Point Collars, worth 25c each.
10c Each.	85 dozen Fancy Pique and Embroidered Bibs (big job), worth three times the money.

Shoes.

50c a Pair.	Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, sizes 2 1/2 to 6, regular price 75c.
\$1.00 a Pair.	Ladies' Kid Button Boots, opera style, sizes 2 1/2 to 6, regular price \$1.50 a pair.
\$1.50 a Pair.	Ladies' Patent Leather Tipped Button Boots, sizes 2 1/2 to 6, regular price \$2 a pair.
\$1.00 a Pair.	Ladies' Patent Leather Tipped, with dark orange top, Oxford Ties, sizes 2 1/2 to 6, reduced from \$1.75 a pair.
75c a Pair.	Ladies' Bright Dongola Patent Leather Tipped Oxford Ties, sizes 2 1/2 to 6, reduced from \$1.25 a pair.
\$1.00 a Pair.	Children's Kid Spring Heel Button Boots, sizes 9 to 10 1/2, regular price \$1.50 a pair.
35c a Pair.	Infants' Kid Button Boots, sizes 2 to 6 reduced from 50c.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets and Plush Sacques.

\$2.50 Each.	Black Astrachan Capes, rolling collar, quilted lining, high puff shoulders, worth \$4.75.
\$3.50 Each.	Ladies' Promenade Coats, made of a fine quality of beaver, bound with braid, satin faced, puff shoulders, worth \$5.75.
\$3.75 Each.	Ladies' full reverse-front Beaver JACKETS, puff shoulders, bound with flat braid, very nobly and stylish, worth \$6.00.
\$5.50 Each.	Ladies' Reefer JACKETS, made of a fine grade of cheviot, bound with braid, satin faced, high puff shoulders, \$5.75.
\$8.75 Each.	A lovely assortment of Ladies' Full-weight JACKETS, in navy, tan, dark green, French gray and a very pretty stripe, all made of the very finest quality of cloths, the latest styles, high puff shoulders, quilted satin sleeves, were \$8.75; a genuine bargain.
\$10.00 a Pair.	To start the season with a boom, we will offer very fine Seal Plush Sacque, with high puff shoulders, quilted satin lining, chamois pockets, four real seal ornaments; special price, \$18.75. This garment is really worth \$25.

Winter Skirts.

\$1.25 Each.	40-inch shrunk Skirt Patterns, fast colors, worth \$1.40.
\$1.32 Each.	40-inch extra heavy and shrunk Skirt Patterns, newest colorings and designs, worth \$1.75.
\$1.75 and \$2 Each.	40-inch Skirt Patterns, handsome assortment, 90 inches wide, worth \$2.25 and \$2.50.
\$2.50 Each.	10-4 very heavy California shrunk Skirt Patterns, worth \$3.50.
\$2.75 Each.	A beautiful assortment of Buckles, oxidized silver, steel and all styles, worth 50c.
\$2.80 Each.	Breastpins, with pansy and other designs, very pretty, worth 40c.
\$1.00 Each.	Fly Stick Pins, set in with Rhinestones and turquoise, worth 15c.
\$0.50 a Pair.	Gents' Initial Cuff Buttons, best rolled plate, worth \$1.
25c a Pair.	Sterling Silver Screw or Hanging Earrings, worth 35c.

Jewelry.

\$8.75 Each.	Ladies' Cashmere Suits, in all shades, neatly made, and guaranteed perfect-fitting, well worth \$10.00.
\$12.50 Each.	Ladies' Suits, in all-wool plaids, Henrietta, cloth and French serge, very stylish, and well worth \$12.50.
\$15.00 Each.	Accordion Suits, in extra fine Black Brillantine, all lengths from 38 to 44 inches skirt measure, made quite full and well pleated: worth \$7.50.
\$24.50 Each.	Japanese Panel Wall Pockets, same as cut, 25c.
\$1.00 Black Walnut Umbrella Stands, 75c each; worth twice the price.	2,000 fine Willow Fruit Baskets, with majolica center, 20c each.
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Fine German Teaspoons, 10c each.	Japanese Panel Wall Pockets, same as cut, 25c.
Fine German Tablespoons, 20c each.	Japanese Panel Wall Pockets, same as cut, 25c.

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Gloves.

1 lot of Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, 28 dozen manufacturers' "seconds," the imperfections of which are hardly perceptible and not in the least injurious to the quality of what is sold.	1 lot of Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, 28 dozen manufacturers' "seconds," the imperfections of which are hardly perceptible and not in the least injurious to the quality of what is sold.
Ladies' fine Mull Handkerchiefs, in plain white, hemstitched and cord border inside of hem; also plain white and colored, scalloped and fancy cord, worth 12 1/2c and 15c; this lot at 75c each.	Ladies' fine Mull Handkerchiefs, in plain white, hemstitched and cord border inside of hem; also plain white and colored, scalloped and fancy cord, worth 12 1/2c and 15c; this lot at 75c each.
1 lot of 250 dozen Ladies' and Misses' printed hemstitched handkerchiefs, worth 10c each.	1 lot of 250 dozen Ladies' and Misses' printed hemstitched handkerchiefs, worth 10c each.
Gentlemen's fine pure linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs, plain white and printed borders, good styles and quality, worth 20c; only 12 1/2c each.	Gentlemen's fine pure linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs, plain white and printed borders, good styles and quality, worth 20c; only 12 1/2c each.

Handkerchiefs.

300 dozen Ladies' fine embroidered hemstitched Handkerchiefs, the samples of a Balfour manufacturer, slightly soiled from handling, and not damaged in any respects. They will cost you 10c each for the regular price. This lot out in lots of 1/2 dozen in each lot and sell for 75c a lot.	300 dozen Ladies' fine embroidered hemstitched Handkerchiefs, the samples of a Balfour manufacturer, slightly soiled from handling, and not damaged in any respects. They will cost you 10c each for the regular price. This lot out in lots of 1/2 dozen in each lot and sell for 75c a lot.
14 dozen Black Surah Sashes, 4 1/2 yards long and 10 inches wide, finished with 9-inch silk fringe, worth \$5.00.	14 dozen Black Surah Sashes, 4 1/2 yards long and 10 inches wide, finished with 9-inch silk fringe, worth \$5.00.
15 pieces extra fine and heavy Black Tweed, very stylish, and sold elsewhere at \$5; age 2 to 6 years.	15 pieces extra fine and heavy Black Tweed, very stylish, and sold elsewhere at \$5; age 2 to 6 years.
40c Each.	

ENGLAND DEFIED.

O'Brien's Bold Speech at Mallow
Caused the Arrest of the
Irish Leaders.

The Shameful System of Shadow-
ing Practiced by Balfour's
Police Spies.

Some of the Results of Emperor Francis
Joseph's Visit to Kaiser
William.

Strengthening the Bands of the Triple Alliance—How Russia's Designs Are to Be Frustrated—French and German Army Maneuvers—Superb Trim of the Kaiser's Troops—Sir Joseph Fayer's Condemnation of Present Methods of Combating Cholera—Fear of the Spreading Plague in Continental Cities—Paris Exporters in Distress About the McKinley Tariff—Crowding Goods on Board Steamships—The Rush at English Shipping Ports—Carnegie Tries to Repair His Dashed Blunder—An Attempt to Reform the Turkish Government—Irving's Latest Success—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ONDON, Sept. 20.—

The talk of the day in London is the sudden seizure of the Irish leaders, Dillon and O'Brien. The movement was evidently long planned. For several weeks Mr. O'Brien had been under the closest surveillance. Although not given as a ground for the warrant, his speech at Mallow, his native town, appears to have been the last straw with the authorities, although his arrest and that of Mr. Dillon had been resolved upon when the reports of the demonstration against Bishop O'Dwyer at Limerick were officially submitted to Chief Secretary Balfour. The branch of the National at Mallow declared in their address to Mr. O'Brien that "it would be as easy for a spider to encompass Knockaroe Mountain in his web as for Mr. Balfour and his satellites to crush or suppress the spirit of our fellow-townsmen and the fellow-townsmen of Wm. O'Brien."

O'BRIEN'S WORDS.

In his speech Mr. O'Brien uttered the words of defiance which possibly led the Government to show its hand quicker than it might have done.

After a most exciting review of the failure of coercion, in which he spoke of Mr. Balfour as a limp and ghastly shadow of what he had been, Mr. O'Brien added that "John Dillon and I addressed the Smith-Barry tenantry the other day and made far-and-away stronger speeches than the speeches he was sent to jail for two months ago, but the Government had pretty nearly got enough of prosecuting members of parliament." The words had hardly been reported to Dublin Castle when the royal constabulary were hot on the trail of the orator.

On the Sunday evening following Mr. O'Brien and his wife traveled from Mallow to Killarney, where he addressed a crowd from the hotel window. On Monday morning he left for the lake in company with Mr. Sheehan, M. P., and was followed by police-men on cars, and when he went on the water the constabulary took a small boat and kept him in sight during the journey. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien started for Glenariffe, still followed by the police, and he was arrested there, as stated in Thursday's dispatches.

PEITY INQUIRIES.

As Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon spared no opportunity in Parliament to assail the magistrates, and particularly those at Tipperary, for their abuse of power, and their general perversion of justice and authority, it is certain that they stand no chance of a fair hearing in the courts presided over by these inquisitors, who are of entirely a different stamp from the British Justice of William O'Brien. Peace. As the tenure of office of magistrates who enforce coercion in Ireland depends upon the will of Mr. Balfour, they are all the more ready to do his bidding and to go to any lengths to prevent the Home Rule party coming into power.

Col. Caddell of Tipperary is one of these magistrates who has made himself peculiarly obnoxious, his military training having chiefly been in the line that the British have been accustomed to treat the natives of Hindostan. Mr. Balfour not being sure of as pliant a magistrate elsewhere, shrewdly made his warrants returnable in Caddell's court.

A BIT OF HISTORY.

It is a remarkable coincidence that just at this time should be published by the British Government calendar in the papers an act of Irish mis-government, three centuries ago, when Hugh O'Neill, Earl of Tyrone, was playing fast and loose with Queen Elizabeth's deputies. The papers, which are from the British archives, reveal much interesting matter never before exposed to public perusal. They show how the lands of Ireland were distributed among court favorites who never set foot in the country. How the Earl of Desmond was punished for the accident of his birth, writing as he did, from the tower to Cull that he had never breathed out of prison since his infancy. How the great desire of the English rulers of Ireland, according to Sir George Carew, was to "keep Justice out, that they might tyrannize with absolute power, confounding both goods and lives at pleasure" and that England's policy toward the Irish chiefs, was according to the English Lord Deputy, "to use all the Florentine practices to make them out the threats of each other." Tyrone seems to have made the English so sick of fighting that the Bishop



BEAUTIFUL DIAMOND STUDS \$6 to \$250.

DIAMOND EARRINGS \$10 to \$600.

DIAMOND RINGS \$5 to \$150.

We want your trade and offer you Special Inducements in Fine Watches
and Diamonds.

HESS & CULBERTSON,
217 North Sixth Street.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

FRANCIS JOSEPH AND THE KAISER.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The Emperor Francis Joseph and the Kaiser spent all the night of Wednesday until early Thursday morning in close consultation, and their Majesties were especially cordial at parting. As no third person was present, the subject of the discussion is not known, but the Kaiser remarked on the following day to the veteran Count Bismarck in the hearing of the staff that "we now have in fact a united Germany." It is a subject of general remark that whereas there had been a good deal of courteous formality about the meeting of the Emperor and the Czar, William and Francis Joseph were more like old and dear friends in their evident friendliness and their sovereigns, and the Kaiser, who declined the Russian hunting entertainment prepared for him, quickly accepted the Austrian Emperor's invitation to a few days' shooting in Styria.

USED TO OPPRESSION.

This sudden stroke of Balfour would have been equivalent to or the cause of a revolution in any other country. But Ireland has become used to oppression and England to seeing her oppressed. Everybody seeking for causes for this startling act. That was done to prevent two men from visiting America is trivial and absurd. The English Government has other and larger purposes. Apprehensions of famine have aroused the Irish spirit, and began to drive it to desperation. The popular leaders fanned this flame. The Government saw that was dangerous in it, and sought to check it by silencing the speakers. When the clerks united with the popular leaders the danger became imminent. Bishop O'Callaghan of Cork who says that famine was inevitable, was the only remedy against this, and similar calamities in the future was home rule. This is believed to have had more influence than any other which has been mentioned in determining Balfour to take the step he did. It is known that all the members of the Government do not go with him, but by presenting the situation in its most threatening aspect and showing that immediate action was necessary and he was ready to take it, he secured the assent of the majority, including the Prime Minister and the Conservative leader of the House. The Liberals are not slow to see their opportunity. Persecution without respite has been one of the most damaging features of the Conservative rule in Ireland. Nothing has been gained but hollow tranquility, broken easily at the slightest symptom of distress maintained largely by the advice of the Liberal allies of the home rulers in England. Now the Irish people are beside themselves with fear of starvation, the British Government could not do worse than to resort to arbitrary measures. It is absurd to fight famine with political animosity.

GLADSTONE'S OPINION.

Mr. Gladstone has been heard from on the subject. He expresses the opinion that the arrest of O'Brien and Dillon is one of those serious errors which will tend to promote the progress and hasten the triumph of home rule, and he adds, apparently with reference to the result of the coming general elections: "I believe that another twelve months will see us far to the better." Mr. O'Brien has again been interviewed and we know early Wednesday that the arrest was to be made. He made no effort to escape or prevent it. He rejoices that it has taken place for it would help in the cause. It was a positive and unmistakable proof of the failing glory of the oppressive Government. Mr. Dillon takes a similar view. The leaders welcome the act in which the people are denounced as "antiquated, worn out and obsolete devices."

THE INDIA PLAGUE.

SIR JOSEPH FAYER ON THE SCIENCE OF CHOLERA PREVENTION.

ONDON, Sept. 20.—In view of the threatened epidemic of cholera on the continent and the several suspected cases reported from various parts of England, the remarks made by Sir Joseph Fayer at the Sanitary Congress at Brighton are being extensively quoted by the newspapers throughout England, indicating an increase in the number of cases of cholera on the Continent is causing some alarm in London and other large English cities. Apart from his general views to be regarded as distinguished scientific authority on medical matters, Sir Joseph's long experience in India, the home of cholera, and his position as Surgeon-General and President of the Medical Board at the India Office give him a prominent claim to attention when he speaks on the subject of cholera. In a few pitiful sentences he summed up the whole science of cholera prevention. Quarantines and cordons are denounced as "antiquated, worn out and obsolete devices."

DR. CARMER'S VIEWS.

Dr. Carter, House Surgeon of Poplar Hospital, London, where Ellen White and Robert Leigh, alleged cholera sufferers, are being treated, said to-day: "Remembering how much medicine as a science owes to continental investigators, and how abundant and well utilized have been the opportunities for studying cholera epidemics in Europe, Sir Joseph Fayer's surprise that there should be such a strong predisposition to rely on quarantine regulations, even on the part of admitedly advanced continental sanitarians, will be shared by all who are familiar with the history of cholera visitations. Some excuse may, perhaps, be found in the fact that the germ theory of the disease has been mainly elucidated and established by French and German investigators. While Germans, Austrians, Russians, French and English are exercising their fleets and armies, Holland is trying the use of balloons for the purpose of reconnoitering in war. Holland has had a war of its own for about seventeen years past in the Island of Sumatra, carried on with varying success. It is proposed to establish a permanent balloon corps to watch the enemy and take account of his movements.

Chancellor Von Caprivi is credited with the statement that the Triple Alliance would soon be effected with the formal accession of England and Sweden and that in the event of a Russian attack upon the Balkan States, the German army would at once enter the Russo-German provinces of Courland, where the German inhabitants hate the Russian domination as those of Alsace-Lorraine hate the German. "Russia," says a mouth-piece of the Chancellor, "believes herself invincible, but she is one of the most vulnerable of nations. There are countries just as ready to divide her territories as she is those of Turkey. Germany ought to have back the old Baltic Provinces. Sweden wants Finland and Austria would be a much better guardian of Poles than Russia shows herself to be. But we have no quarrel with Russia, and do not care to have any."

TRYING THE TROOPS.

Maneuvers of the German and French Armies—Holland's Balloons.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

ERLIN, Sept. 20.—The German army maneuvers in Silesia this week have been gratifying to Emperor William and his imperial guest of Austria. By the Emperor's orders, all the cavalry of the German army are now Uhlan. The Lancers are henceforth to have a hollow steel shaft, painted black, instead of a wooden one. The weight will remain as before, but more durability is expected in the steel handle. The Kaiser has great faith in the lance both as a weapon of defense and attack. The cavalry are also armed with carbines. The infantry have been given tents, quite an innovation in the German army, the tents being water-tight, and capable of being used as ponchos. The soldiers continue to wear for stockings strips of linen, smeared with lard, which they bind around their feet.

CAIRNS' VIEWS.

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TRYING THE TROOPS.

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SPRUNG A SURPRISE

Mr. Mortimer F. Taylor's Name Proposed to the Ninth District Congressional Committee.

A Mystery About the Announcement of His Candidacy Not Thoroughly Cleared Up by His Statement.

Ex-Congressman O'Neill Returns From Jefferson City and Discusses the Decision of the State Democratic Committee to Take Up the Muddle—He Favors a Thorough Investigation of the Primary Election, and is Still Determined to Present the Ballot-Box Stuffers—A Union Labor Convention—Political Matters.

HERE was a bombshell exploded in the meeting of the Ninth District Democratic Congressional Committee last evening by Mark F. Shipley, a Twenty-second Ward politician, when he announced that he had been instructed by Mortimer F. Taylor to present his name as a candidate for the nomination.

The supporters of Mr. Cobb who were present were startled, and the Butler followers were made to feel jubilant by the announcement. The significance attached to it was that if Mr. Taylor went in actively to get the nomination he would cut into Mr. Cobb's strength sufficiently to give the Butlerites a good chance of carrying the convention. The members of the committee who are not in favor of Butler's nomination were amazed and some doubt was raised on the score of Shipley's authority to speak for Mr. Taylor.

When Shipley made the announcement Chairman Lutz looked at him strongly and asked:

"Do you represent Mr. Taylor and have you been authorized to present his name?"

"I have been requested to do so by Mr. Taylor and that is why I am here. Mr. Taylor desires the nomination and he desires the Democracy to know that he will abide by the action of the convention no matter who is declared his choice."

This was good news to the First Ward supporters, who, in the language of one of them, "came up to see old Jim get a square deal."

The meeting was an interesting one in several respects. There were some sharp tilts between Chairman Lutz and Ed Butler, and though the latter wanted to run things so suit himself, he was not successful in every venture. When Chairman Lutz opened the meeting a long wrangle was precipitated by the failure of the Secretary to preserve the records of former meetings. At the last meeting Secretary Fred Walsh failed to put on an appearance and likewise failed to send the minutes of the previous meeting, and in connection with this matter some stories reflecting on the Secretary's official conduct have become current. Committeeeman Keevill was made Secretary Walsh and kept the record of the meetings at all. When Secretary Walsh, who was present at the meeting last evening, was asked if he had voted for the resolution he said that he had not, but that he had voted for the two resolutions and insisted that he was right. Walsh picked up a roll of paper and said the record agreed with him.

"Thought you forgot to bring the minutes," said one of the anti-Butler committeeemen. "Well, I've found them since," was the cool reply. Walsh was then asked to perform when the records of the last meeting were called up in a discussion in which Butler was in a hand and being a pronounced Butler supporter, the course had the record agree with what he said.

There were some plain things said concerning the conduct of the committee, and most of these were uttered by Chairman Lutz, who seemed thoroughly disgusted.

Walsh's desire caused by Secretary Walsh's style of keeping the minutes terminated. Committeeeman Brothers moved for an executive session and Butler seconded the motion. There were some strong objections made and the motion was defeated.

WOODLOCK VS. BUTLER.

When it came to the naming of the judges Woodlock was asked for his opinion as to the consideration of the action taken in a former meeting. It was the motion offered by Butler and adopted, allowing the other members of the Ward to nominate him by Woodlock to name half the judges. By the citizens of the Ward, Mr. Butler referred to his Nineteenth Ward Club, as later developed, as a "rotten" club. When he passed the motion was that Mr. Woodlock was a non-resident of the old Seventeenth Ward, which he represents in the committee. Mr. Woodlock was not allowed to be allowed to name the judges and argued that the plan would give more satisfaction to all.

Butler objected strongly to this and said the committee would vote itself a nonentity if it carried out Woodlock's suggestion. The motion was carried, however, but he could not say that Woodlock did, for the reason that he did not reside in the old Seventeenth Ward, or the Nineteenth.

He moved that each candidate name a judge for each polling place and each committeeeman be allowed to name his own candidate. Secretary Walsh, taking up the point Butler moved to lay the Chairman's motion on the table.

He moved an amendment aimed at Woodlock. It was to let the candidates each name a judge and the committeeemen do the same, with the exception of Woodlock.

"We don't know what he has got right to name judges," shouted Butler.

Woodlock then announced that if the committee adopted Butler's amendment his amendment was a tie. Butler, Guiles, Keevill, Walsh and Connors voting in the affirmative. Chairman Lutz and Woodlock, Nagel and Mitchell in the negative. Woodlock was excused. This defeat rattled "Boss" Butler for the time being.

TOOK AN APPEAL.

Walsh attempted to come to Butler's rescue by insisting that Dr. Lutz's motion was out of order. Dr. Lutz had called for a vote, but he appealed from the Chair's decision.

The vote on the appeal resulted in another defeat for Butler, who said it was a tie. Secretary Lutz, Keevill, Connors and Walsh voted to sustain the appeal, and Woodlock, Nagel and Mitchell voted to sustain the motion as he understood it.

Mr. Mitchell voted to sustain the chair. Dr. Lutz was excused from voting. Chairman Lutz's motion was then adopted, by a vote of seven to four. Butler, Guiles, Keevill, Walsh and Connors voted for the opposition. He explained that if he was a member of the committee, he never would support Dr. Lutz's idea. "I believe the committee has some rights, but as I am simply acting for a committeeeman I will vote for the motion," he said.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES.

Chairman Lutz then declared that the announcement of candidates was ordered.

Ed. Butler, a letterman, had made himself a candidate for the Democratic nomination and had agreed to abide by the rules and regulations of the committee.

James Butler, son of the man in the hall and after the reading of Mr. Cobb's speech, advanced to the front and made a short speech declaiming in "go push" as one of his supporters put it.

Nobody expected that any other name would be presented, but those who were in the room, and among them Mr. Taylor, Nagel objected to the reception of Mr. Taylor's name on the ground that Mr. Taylor had not been present.

Mr. Taylor should have written a letter or attended the meeting.

Ed Butler insisted on the acceptance of Mr. Taylor's name, and told Cobb that he wants to. "I know Mr. Shipley would not present his name if he did not have the authority."

THE POLLING PLACES.

The wards were then called and the polling places designated according to the boundaries. The present committee, having been elected without reference to the new ward and precinct numbers in the district, will divide the new boundaries as follows:

First Ward—101 Market.

Second Ward—101 Lucas Avenue.

Third Ward—Eastern polls, 31 Cedar; west—101 Pine Street.

Fourth Ward—Southern polling place, 7th and Russell Avenue; northern polls, 2nd, Second, Carondelet and Lafayette avenues.

Fifth Ward—Eastern polls, south-east of St. Louis and Chouteau avenues; western polls, Schaefer's Garden.

Seventeenth Ward—Eastern polls, 1410 Clark Avenue; western, 2nd polls, Twenty-third and Eighteenth Wards—Southern polls, Twenty-third and Market; western, Channing Avenue and Olive street; northern polls, 3808 Franklin.

Nineteenth Ward—Northern polls, 1205 Compton Avenue; southern polls, Lafayette Avenue.

Twenty-sixth Ward—Southern polling place, Oak Hill; northern polls, Tower Grove.

Twenty-seventh Ward—Manchester road and Sulphur Avenue.

FIXING THE ASSESSMENT.

When the polling places were all designated and the names of the polling places in the Eleventh Ward wanted to designate all the polls and name the judges filed, the committee began a discussion as to how to fix the assessment. Ed Butler, a member of the committee, said that the expenses of the primary. Secretary Walsh wanted the total amount fixed at \$2,000, while the Eleventh Ward opposed this and showed by figures that the expenses would not exceed \$1,100. It was finally decided at \$1,200, and each of the three candidates paid \$400 as an equal share if they go before the primary.

MORE CANDIDATES EXPECTED.

A motion was then adopted extending the time of the election to 10 o'clock and also for the announcement of candidates for the same hour.

Ed Butler said that there would be another and probably a fourth candidate in the Eleventh Ward.

Chairman Lutz said that the time was extended to give the Butlerites a chance at Friday's primary.

Butler wanted the hours from 1 to 8 p.m., and carried his point, and the Butlerites agreed to give him a chance at the Wednesday's primary.

The people in the Eleventh Ward know that I am the nominee and understand the situation and should not be afraid to go to the polls on Wednesday's primary.

Before the meeting adjourned Secretary Walsh made a speech in which he charged Dr. Lutz with mismanaging the committee. He predicted disaster if the committee allowed the Butlerites to nominate him and not to nominate him.

Committeeeman Keevill, Crothers and Guiles were appointed on the committee to arrange the transportation of delegates and they will report to-morrow.

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SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1890.

Weather forecast for to-day, for
Missouri: Light rain, preceded by
fair; warmer, followed by cooler in
western portion; southerly winds.

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Do not fail to fill out the coupon on page 8.

The mystery of the garbage contract only deepens with every attempt made to explore its true inwardness.

SCHOOL DIRECTOR BOSLEY is bound to accept the challenge of the firm he charged with attempted bribery or take the consequences.

The filling of a SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH blank for the Exposition idea contest may result in the filling of the pocket with 100 gold dollars.

The name of the Democratic nominee in the Eighth Congressional District is on record in the office of the Secretary of State. It is not P. O'Malley.

It is especially unfortunate that so many of the City Hall barnacles should be engaged in counting out O'Neill in the Eighth District, because this is the district in which the Mayor would look for Congressional honors if his mind should be turned that way.

The tendency of disasters to come in bunches has been illustrated by the appalling number of railroad accidents which have occurred within the past few weeks. Railroad employees seem to be in need of a few lessons on the importance of care and vigilance in their business.

QUAY's silence about his record is producing some very suggestive imitations from people who do not point with pride to their work. A Cincinnati paper notes how solemnly silent the Republican Convention that city became "when the name of BENJAMIN HARRISON was mentioned."

The completeness of the manufacturers' census for this city depends upon the willingness of the local manufacturers to fill out the census schedules. The information is confidential and every manufacturer should make it his duty to see that full returns are obtained. St. Louis should be fairly represented in the industrial list.

THE WINDOW GLASS TRUST.—The Sugar Trust, the Twin Steel, the Linsed Oil Trust and all the other trusts now in joint control of the dominant party's caucus at Washington are carrying things with a high hand. But it will be for the people to say in November whether there shall be another Congress elected on the trust platform.

The success of the art department of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, as evidenced by the demand for the popular water-color, "Now, Then, Boys," will be maintained next week, when an equally desirable work of art entitled "Life-Long Companions" will be given free to every placing a want advertisement in the Sunday paper.

One of the worst features of the proposed garbage contract is the fact that the city knows nothing at all about the amount of money it will be called on to pay out under the contract. Unless the city is paying too much under its present contract it will have to pay much more under the new contract that the contractors are willing to admit.

NEW YORK CITY'S disgust with PORTER's census has been increased by his answer to a citizen who complained that his family had been overlooked. PORTER insisted that the list of the family "had probably been given by a servant, who neglected to mention it." The authorities are now satisfied that their city has been cheated to the tune of 100,000 at least by PORTER's reliance on servant girls for his census figures, and a police census such as we took in St. Louis will be ordered.

The British Government is controlled by a fine lot of bincoops if the arrest of the Irish leaders, DILLON and O'BRIEN, was made for the purpose of preventing the Irish situation from being presented to Americans in such a manner as to arouse sympathy. The arrest of these two leaders has advertised their promised visit to this country more than anything else could have done and has called attention to the Irish question in a way which will assure those selected as substitutes for DILLON and O'BRIEN a popular hearing.

EX-CONGRESSMAN O'NEILL, while believing that his nomination is the choice of the fairly elected representatives of the Democrats of the Eighth Congressional District, announces his willingness to submit to any proposition of the State Democratic Central Committee to settle all difficulties in the district on a fair basis which will protect the rights of the voters. If the committee should arrange for new primaries with absolute guarantees of fair play for all parties, Mr. O'NEILL is willing to submit his name for another endorsement of the voters. This is as square a platform as could be asked.

WHEN old RICHARD VAUX saw RHEED and McKinley send the Senate's trust and monopoly tariff to a packed conference committee under a gag rule and without debate, he solemnly declared that "the empire has come." He meant the empire of the politicians and the empire of boddie, the ruthless government of the many by party caucuses and machine for the benefit of the few. It certainly will come to every branch of government in this country and to both parties, if the Democratic masses surrender to the boss machine, as is demanded here in St.

THE public school superintendent of Chicago has discovered that the Windy City children read too much fiction and threatens to shut them out of the public library. What good will that do as long as the children can get the Chicago newspapers?

THE lightning has been playing strong & breaks in Pennsylvania lately but the most as-

Louis, and permit their boddies to make nominations for them.

AN UNPLEASANT SITUATION.

No formal report from Minister MIZNER concerning the Barrundia killing has been published, but the facts of the case and all the circumstances connected with the unfortunate affair have been made known by eye-witnesses of the encounter on board the steamer Acapulco.

From the testimony submitted there can be no doubt that the slaying of Gen. BARRUNDIA in the attempt to arrest him was caused by his own rashness. When he learned that he was to be surrendered he probably concluded that his death was a certainty sooner or later at the hands of his political enemies, and that he had better make a desperate fight while he had opportunity. Had he exercised his judgment in this fight the chances are that the cowardice of his assailants would have saved him from immediate death at least. But no matter how his death came about, it was the immediate consequence of his surrender, and as his surrender was obtained through the direct interposition of Minister MIZNER, the responsibility rests upon him.

The situation is not a pleasant one for the United States. Granting that the Gaumerian authorities had the right to take BARRUNDIA from the Acapulco, all the principles and traditions of our government urge the protection of political refugees by every possible means. So far from endeavoring to protect BARRUNDIA, MIZNER took the responsibility of capturing him from the shoulders of the Gaumerian Government and assumed it himself. He thus through his office shifted the whole burden of responsibility to the United States.

The mildest term which can be applied to MIZNER's conduct is culpable officiousness. His action proves that he is without the judgment necessary for an American Minister and strengthens the suspicion aroused by his previous conduct that he is to an improper extent under the influence of President BARRUNDIA of Gaumeria.

CHICAGO'S TROUBLE.—The reason why the World's Fair site at Chicago has skipped about so much and is still so unsettled is explained. It has been Chicago's impracticable purpose and intention all the time to get out of the Fair something more than the equivalent of her contribution in magnificent permanent exposition buildings, art halls, conservatories, etc.

This purpose, well understood among her people, naturally made the site question a question as to the location of these permanent buildings. The World's Fair, to be open but a single brief season, might be located with its temporary structures in a number of places that would never do for the permanent acquisitions desired. Its location anywhere could have but a transient effect on property values in the vicinity. But the case would be very different with grand, permanent buildings erected for the temporary use of the Fair and for the city's permanent use afterwards as attractive resorts for the Chicago public. These were bound to have a great and permanent effect on property and business, and it was for the benefit of this effect that the various sections of the city kept up the site wrangle so long and are still likely to keep it up so much longer.

The point at which the most powerful interest would locate these permanent buildings is as near the business and hotel center as possible, and within miles of the city is paying too much under its present contract it will have to pay much more under the new contract that the contractors are willing to admit.

NEW YORK CITY'S disgust with PORTER's census has been increased by his answer to a citizen who complained that his family had been overlooked. PORTER insisted that the list of the family "had probably been given by a servant, who neglected to mention it." The authorities are now satisfied that their city has been cheated to the tune of 100,000 at least by PORTER's reliance on servant girls for his census figures, and a police census such as we took in St. Louis will be ordered.

The British Government is controlled by a fine lot of bincoops if the arrest of the Irish leaders, DILLON and O'BRIEN, was made for the purpose of preventing the Irish situation from being presented to Americans in such a manner as to arouse sympathy. The arrest of these two leaders has advertised their promised visit to this country more than anything else could have done and has called attention to the Irish question in a way which will assure those selected as substitutes for DILLON and O'BRIEN a popular hearing.

EX-CONGRESSMAN O'NEILL, while believing that his nomination is the choice of the fairly elected representatives of the Democrats of the Eighth Congressional District, announces his willingness to submit to any proposition of the State Democratic Central Committee to settle all difficulties in the district on a fair basis which will protect the rights of the voters. If the committee should arrange for new primaries with absolute guarantees of fair play for all parties, Mr. O'NEILL is willing to submit his name for another endorsement of the voters. This is as square a platform as could be asked.

WHEN old RICHARD VAUX saw RHEED and McKinley send the Senate's trust and monopoly tariff to a packed conference committee under a gag rule and without debate, he solemnly declared that "the empire has come." He meant the empire of the politicians and the empire of boddie, the ruthless government of the many by party caucuses and machine for the benefit of the few. It certainly will come to every branch of government in this country and to both parties, if the Democratic masses surrender to the boss machine, as is demanded here in St.

THE public school superintendent of Chicago has discovered that the Windy City children read too much fiction and threatens to shut them out of the public library. What good will that do as long as the children can get the Chicago newspapers?

THE lightning has been playing strong & breaks in Pennsylvania lately but the most as-

treming freak of all will be played in November when it strikes QUAY.

IT is to be hoped that Harbor Commissioner MURRAY will not make his office a harbor for political toughs and ward bummers.

The local ward bosses can't handle the polls so as to knock the political permissives this year.

The bakers should bear in mind that the lighter the loaf the heavier the burdens of the poor.

The yeast has been misplaced when the price of bread rises.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

R. J. M.—Write to Postmaster John B. Harlow for the information you desire.

SUBSCRIBERS.—Your question is not clear.

LEX.—The Recorder of Votes issued no such orders as the one you refer to.

G. V.—The nominative should not be used as an object. This statement will decide your dispute.

C. H. D.—There are a number of building associations in this city. Their various methods of business cannot be explained in this column.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Two Witnesses Saw Fred Beale Alive After His Alleged Murder.

WOODSTOCK, Ontario, Sept. 20.—The case of Reginald Birchall for the murder of Fred C. Benwell last February, will be called to the first thing Monday morning. From all that can be learned the defense will be all alibi and that Beale was alive after the date on which he was supposed to have been committed.

Detective Blane, who has been investigating in his efforts to complete Birchall's defense, has secured two men who will testify that they saw Beale alive after the 17th of February. The date of the murder. Witnesses will be brought from Brampton, which will be the same as Birchall's. The prosecution's case is somewhat weakened by the fact that Nevill A. Pickthal, the coroner, has been unable to identify the man as a suspect at the time of the killing.

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POLITICAL POINTS.

Hon. Roger Q. Mills on the stump at Olney, Ill.

The Outlook in Kansas—Palmer Preparing for His Campaign—Frank Lawlor's Possible Successor—Arranging for a Political Picnic—Jubilant Republicans at Mascoutah.

OLNEY, Ill., Sept. 20.—This was Democrat day in our city. Fully 10,000 people were here to hear the Hon. Roger Q. Mills, who spoke in the City Park. Mr. Mills spoke about the tariff problem in an able manner, showing the unjustice of the things were now. He was very severe in his arraignment of the Republican party. He showed that they were the tools of millionaires.

His speech throughout was listened to with great attention. He was frequently applauded. His mention of Gen. Palmer created unabated enthusiasm. He advised all to stay with the old party, and particularly advised them to stand by their Representative, Hon. Geo. F. Fisher, who is the candidate for re-election.

Republicans at Carlyle, Ill.

CARLYLE, Ill., Sept. 20.—A Republican county convention was held in Carlyle to-day for the purpose of nominating a county ticket and selecting delegates to the senatorial convention, which meets in this city Sept. 20. J. W. Maddux was chosen Chairman of the Remond Convention.

The following is the Central Committee selected by the convention: J. Frederick Chas. Emery, E. G. Fowler, S. W. Bain, E. Stevens, W. B. Johnson, L. J. Johnson, H. H. Moore, W. H. Johnson, F. W. Watz, Christ Nichols, B. Weber, A. Hartpelt, Posey Maddux, L. G. Meyer, L. Blatzner, Herm. Schaeffer, W. W. Weller. Delegates to the senatorial convention are: H. B. Blonder, A. Eisenmeyer, C. Emery, L. G. Meyer, Geo. L. Lovett, M. Davis, J. W. Williams, John A. Alter, W. B. Weber, M. G. Gmelin, G. Yaeger, G. Linder, J. M. Stewart, G. S. Wilcox and H. S. Fowler.

Rep. Geo. F. Fisher of Shawano, Ill., Republican candidate for Congress, delivered an able address. A county ticket was not named.

The Outlook in Kansas.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Sept. 20.—The politicians of Kansas are planning for the most vigorous campaign known for years. The Republicans are ransacking the entire State for "stumpers." The alliance is developing wonderful strength between the two great parties of the Republican ranks. The Democrats, who have been in the minority several thousand, are very confident of victory.

Gov. George W. Robinson is the candidate for Governor on the Democratic and Reconstruction Republican ticket. He will be a vigorous and fearless champion of the people. The Republicans are opposed to the prohibitory law will stick to Robinson to a man, and they will poll fully with him.

These all come from the Republican ranks.

At best politics in Kansas are badly mixed, and so are the thousands of persons opposed to the prohibitory law. They are fond of much talking, they will put in "wrest pocket" votes enough in November to elect Robinson.

Mississippi's New Constitution.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 20.—The seventh week of the Mississippi Constitutional Convention closed and the report of the Committee on franchises has been finished in committee of the whole. The fight will be on to see if it passes the convention, and it is impossible to tell when the end will come. The scheme provided for electing State officers, providing that the vote of one in one county and one State officer shall entitle the candidate receiving a majority of votes to be many elected to the Legislature, and that in case there is no election by this electoral system, and further, if no candidate receives a majority, an unpopular vote, then the election shall be by the Legislature, will almost surely be adopted.

Favorable Report.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 20.—The Democratic State Central Committee met here to-day preparatory to opening the State campaign. The interest in the political situation is shown by the large attendance. All the members of the committee, as also a number of candidates, were present. Favorable reports were received from all parts of the State.

Participating in the labor of the committee were: George W. Glick, Judge Nicholson, J. N. Ives, candidate for Attorney-General; Fred Bentz of Wichita. Rooms have been secured at the Hotel Wichita, the Hotel Wichita, Sixth street, where the committee will establish headquarters during the campaign.

Nomination for Congress.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Sept. 20.—W. E. Lamb of Montague County was nominated for Congress at a delegate convention held in this city to organize the Independent and United Labor party. It is one of the Bowie "Independents," and two years ago made the race for Congress in this (Montague) district against Union Labor.

The convention, to-day, voted resolutions endorsing the St. Louis platform of last December by the Knights of Labor and Farmers' Alliance and they also endorse the controversial bill.

Palmer Preparing for the Campaign.

MONTEZUMA, Ill., Sept. 20.—Gen. John M. Palmer, the Democratic candidate for the United States Senate from Illinois, will open the campaign at Montezuma next Friday, the 28th. Hon. Owen Scott, candidate for Congress, will speak at the meeting. The Republicans will also speak. This is the first political meeting of the campaign and there will no doubt be a great gathering of the Democracy in Piatt and adjoining counties in Central Illinois.

Arranging for a Political Picnic.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., Sept. 20.—The Republicans here are jubilant to-night over the nomination of Hon. Frank Perrin of this city for County Judge by the Republicans at Belleville to-day.

Jubilant Republicans.

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To Success Frank Lawler.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 20.—Lawrence E. Dana was nominated for Congress to-day to succeed Frank Lawler in the Second Congressional District.

Karp's Dancing Academy, Vandeventer Hall, now open. Instruction Friday and Saturday afternoons and evenings.

Gen. Grierson's Innane Box.

The innane man who has been annoying residents on Pine street and Vandeventer avenue was taken to the Fifth street station, where he was identified yesterday morning as the son of Brig. Gen. Grierson. He was in a miserable condition when arrested, and was pale and very poor in condition. He had a habit of frightening women and children with threats, though no act of violence is charged against him. He was dressed in a coat and a cap, and was wearing a large pocket watch. He was a native of Jacksonville, Ill., and Gen. Grierson came from California to look for him.

OAKES' Candies,
OF WORLD-WIDE FAME.
40c Per Pound.
3 Pounds, \$1.00.
Sent by Express to
Any Address.

THE DOGS OF WAR!
PRICE, 25c.

A New Lot of
JAPANESE CURIOSITIES
AND NOVELTIES
Just Received From
TOKYO, YOKOHAMA,
Also a Large Direct Import
from
FINE TEAS.
Every purchaser of Tea
will receive a present.

Japanese Bazaar,

FUNG LOUD & CO., 1002 Olive St.

Newland's College of Midwifery

LYING-IN INSTITUTE.

This is the only Institute of the kind in the West, and is regarded as the best in the country, which is equipped with every apparatus and every convenience for the use of students. The term will commence March and September. Every person who expects their confinement should be recommended to Dr. H. NEWLAND, 1205 Chestnut St.

A COUGHING CHILD

Will disturb the night rest of

every member of the house-

hold. The youngster can not help it, the constant tickling and inflammation in the throat not only interferes with the child's sleep but will affect his general health if allowed to continue. After you have given the child everything you have ever heard of for a cough, and it is still no better, as a last resort try a bottle of the OERERINE, made by Roberst & Co., and you will, after two or three doses, be pleasantly surprised, and the child almost cured. Try a bottle of 25 doses for 25 cents. Made by Roberst & Co., and sold almost everywhere.

DIED.

BARNIDGE—On Saturday, Sept. 18, 1890, at 6 a.m., JAMES BARNIDGE, aged 65 years.

The funeral will take place from his residence, No. 1459 Riddle street. Due notices of time will be given.

BURRILL—At 7:30 yesterday morning, Mrs. A. M. Burrill.

Burrs and all other friends will take carriage to Chas. T. Whistler's undertaking rooms at 12:30 P.M.

CONROY—Saturday, Sept. 20, at 11:00 a.m., M. A. Conroy, beloved daughter of Stephen Conroy, aged 18 years, 11 months and 21 days.

Funeral from family residence, 1932 North Broad street, Monday, Sept. 22, at 2 p.m., to Sacred Heart Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

HAZELTINE—At New York Wednesday, the 17th inst., suddenly of heart failure, Mrs. WILLIAM H. HAZELTINE.

Funeral will take place at 2 p.m., to-day from St. George's Church, Beaumont and Chestnut streets.

GALVIN—Suddenly, at Cadlyle, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1890, beloved husband of Kate Galvin, nee Komper.

Deced was a member of Power Council, L. of H. Internat took place at Cadlyle, N. Y., on Tuesday, Sept. 18.

HILGEMAN—On Friday, Sept. 19, 1890, at 5 a.m., after a long illness, Aug. B. HILGEMAN, aged 86 years.

Funeral from residence, Twelfth and Benton streets, Sunday, Sept. 21, at 1:30 p.m. Friends invited to attend.

WEDEL—JULIA, beloved wife of Chas. Wedel, Saturday, Sept. 20, aged 49 years, 7 months.

Funeral will take place Monday, Sept. 22, at 2 p.m., from residence, No. 406 Carr street. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

LYONS—On Thursday, Sept. 18, 1890, at 4:30 P.M., Mary Lyons, aged 44 years.

The funeral will take place Sunday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock p.m., from residence of her brother, Frank Hale, No. 1239 North Ninth street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

PRENDERGAST—On the 20th inst., at 5 p.m., Mrs. PRENDERGAST, aged 70 years.

Funeral in the family residence, 1109½ North Twenty-first street, on Monday, Sept. 21, at 2 p.m., to the Bridgeport Cemetery, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

THILLE—ELIZABETH MESS, daughter of Margaret and Henry Thille, Sept. 20, at 12:15 o'clock, aged 8 years, 3 months and 16 days.

Funeral to take place at the residence of parents, 2630 Montgomery street, Monday, at 2 p.m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

LLOYD—The members of Banner Lodge, No. 1460, Knights of Honor, will take notice that the funeral of F. O. LLOYD will take place at 2 o'clock p.m., to-day from the rooms of Smithers & Wagner, 1217 Olive street.

The Indiana State Fair.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 20.—Extensive preparations are being made for the State Fair that opens Monday. A glance at the list of entries shows that the exhibits of machinery and the races are to be better than ever before. Cattle, flowers and women's dresses will be present in very fine displays also. Because of the dry season, it is unlikely that the exhibits of fruit, vegetables and grain will surpass the large displays of former years. The railroads have made preparations to handle more people next week than ever before. The fair will have all the attractions that will be required to transport the coaches that will be required to transport the people.

A Typhoid Epidemic.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 20.—Four years ago this September James Donovan, a well-to-do railroad contractor, died of typhoid fever.

The next September his oldest daughter, Annie, died of the same disease. The following September his son Daniel, and two weeks ago his son John, died of the same disease in the same manner, and soon after his elder sister, Lizzie. John died a week ago and to-day Lizzie's case was pronounced hopeless.

FLOWERS FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS.

LINDELL FLOWER STORE, 605 Washington St., Lindell Hotel.

A WORD OF INTEREST TO MOTHERS.

You want your boy dressed well for little money, go to Prusians & Co., 211 N. 5th st., they will make clothes to order as cheap as you can buy them ready-made.

JOHN H. HUBBERT, Dicitor.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

THE GREAT COMEDY EVENT!

Mr. Wm. Gillette's (new)

Private

Secretary.

Revised, Reconstructed, and the

Best Company Ever Presenting

this Play. Especially Organized

this Season to Surpass

All Previous Records.

A WEEK OF EXCESSIVE LAUGHTER.

Sunday, Sept. 25—Deean Thompson's famous

play, the "Old Homestead."

SPORTSMAN'S PARK.

ROCHESTER vs. BROWNS.

Two Great Games To-day for One

Admission.

First Game Begins at 1:45. Admission 25 cts.

Tickets at Exposition Cigar Store, 206 N. Broadway.

POPE'S ---- TO-DAY.

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

The Joe. J. Dowling and Sadie Hasson Co. in

Their Sensational High-Class

Western Play.

FAIR GROUNDS

AND

ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.

THE MOST CHARMING RESORT

IN THE CITY.

Each hundred and forty acres of the most

beautifully cultivated grounds in the United States, with

Climate and ground unsurpassed in any

part of the world.

Administration, 25 cents; children under 12

years free.

The Red Spider.

CARLOS, the Acting Horse.

DON CÆSAR, the Comical Donkey.

A Car Load of Scenery.

A Perfect Performance.

SPECIAL SOUVENIR MATINEES.

Each lady attending the matinee and holding a

reserved seat will receive a handsome souvenir.

Thursday night, NOBODY'S CLAIM.

Telephone No. 1470.

Sunday next, THE GREAT METROPOLIS.

By Fred Marston and Clay M. Green.

Telephone No. 1470.

Sunday, Sept. 25—Lizzie Evans.

* ST. LOUIS *

EXPOSITION.

Monday Will Be Irish Day!

All the Irish Societies will visit the Exposition.

Irish Day is always one of the biggest days at the Exposition.

Col. Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore in his element.

"Irish Airs Galore" by the band afternoon and night.

Orphans of St. Mary's and St. Joseph's Catholic Asylums will sing in the afternoon.

If you want to get the news, see the latest styles, furnish a house, get a lot to build one, or buy farm machinery or any other useful or ornamental article, visit the Grand Industrial Exposition and see the exhibit before making your choice.

ADMISSION, 25c; CHILDREN, 15

THE TARIFF CHASM.

It Widely Separates the Republican Members of the House and Senate.

The Conference Report Will Not Be Ready on To-morrow.

Congress Expected to Adjourn Early in October—Views of Missourians on the Political Situation in the State—Inquiry's Notice of the Work of the Supreme Court—The Senate Passes Forty-five Pension Claims in Fifty Minutes—A Plea for Ex-Soldiers and Sailors—The Day's Proceedings in the House Without a Quarrel—Personal Notes—Washington News.

ASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Republican conference on the tariff bill will exert themselves to adjust their differences between now and Monday morning. They will be in session all day to-morrow, and to-morrow night, if necessary. Still with all of their dillig-

ence it is hardly probable that they will be ready to report on Monday. The two houses are really very far apart on the important issues involved, and neither can afford to appear to surrender too easily.

The Republicans of the House made so much noise about carrying free sugar through that body that to give it up now, even at Mr. Blaine's demand, without a desperate struggle for effect at home, would hardly be good politics.

The Senate is in the same boat about binding twice. When it put that article on the free list it boasted of the work loudly, and so must fight hard now at the suggestion of making the article dutiable even at a very low rate. The probability is therefore that the report will not be ready before Tuesday or Wednesday.

The Southern Republicans in the House are still threatening to oppose the final passage of the bill unless it contains a reduction of the tobacco tax. At one time a number of those members entered into an agreement with one another to insist upon the legislation they desired, but as the time for a final vote draws near there is small fear of a bolt by them or by anybody else.

There must be a tariff bill, and there must be a Congressional canvas, and the time between this day and the day of the November election is very short. The best opinion here still is that Congress will adjourn either on the first day or during the first week of October.

Bonds Due.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Treasury Department to-day passed \$761,460 414 per cent bonds, under the terms of the circular of Aug. 20. The total amount accepted under this call, including to-day's business, aggregate \$16,565,600.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The weather crop bulletin issued for the week ending to-day says: Harvesting has been completed in Dakota, but has been delayed in Minnesota by excessive rains. Killing frosts have occurred in Nebraska and Iowa, with slight damage to late crops. Harvesting has been completed in Illinois, where wheat, seed and corn cutting are progressing. The temperature and sunshine have been below the average in Kansas and Missouri, and the weather is needed for corn in the latter State.

Cotton opening and picking have been retarded by rains in Arkansas and Tennessee, and to some extent in Louisiana, where rice is being harvested. Cane is flourishing, and a few cases of grinding are reported. The cotton crop in Virginia is reported to be good, as is good in both quantity and quality. In the Carolinas the cotton has been injured by rain, the bolls rotting and sprouting. In North Carolina the tobacco is nearly headed out.

In New England the week has been unfavorable for harvesting. Beans are sprouting and toads are numerous. In New York farm work has been delayed by excessive rains, which have in a measure damaged all crops. Potato and turnip fields have had full seedling and tobacco cutting, and have caused increasing rotting in potatoes. Potatoes are also reported rotting in northern portions of New Jersey.

Strong for the Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Representative Atkinson of West Virginia to-day introduced a bill amending to the law providing that preference shall be shown ex-soldiers and ex-sailors who served in the late war in making appointments to government positions, by making it a misdemeanor for any official to refuse to comply with the law and providing that any such official whose offices shall be disqualified from holding office under the United States.

A Wonderful Growth.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—The Census Office finds that the population of St. Louis County, Minnesota, is 44,480. In 1880 there were only 4,004 inhabitants in that county. Duluth is located there and its phenomenal growth has helped to swell the population of the county.

Personal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—Congressman Peters of Kansas, who went home weeks ago, is expected to reach here to-night to be present on the call of the tariff measure to-morrow.

Next Saturday Congressman Tarsney will leave for Kansas City.

Congressman W. H. Hatch returned from the West last evening. Congressman Hayes and Tarsney are the Missouri Democratic nominees now here.

Lindsay Murdoch of Marble Hill, Mo., is here on a visit. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham of Independence, Mo., leave to-morrow for Richmond, Va., on a visit. The illness of their daughter has detained them here.

About Missouri Politics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 20.—"The Congressional fight in Missouri will be in the Fourth, Thirteenth, Tenth, and probably Ninth Districts," said Congressman John G. Tarsney to-night. "You can say as much about the Ninth District. However, as it is not a foregone conclusion whether the Democrats will nominate a man there who can win. They can't nominate a man there. As to his own district, Mr. Tarsney said that he was well pleased with the nomination by the Republicans of Col. Twitchell; that he is a good gentleman and that each candidate will be fought without any mud throwing. When told that he would not get the soldier vote in the Fifth District by reason of his opposition in Congress to the

pension bill, Mr. Tarsney said that was all he said. He did not expect to get the support of those men who would oppose him because as a matter of principle he had adhered to the Democratic party and not to the Democrats in legislation. There were many of the best men in Kansas City who had adhered to him (Rep. Hayes). He had no friends in Congress to help him.

The third party nomination made at Independence, he said, would not cut a figure in the campaign. It is a matter of course that the other which Gen. Devil, Internal Revenue Collector at Kansas City, came in to the Capitol yesterday to get some financial assistance.

The General visited the Congressional Committee headquarters while here, but it is said with no encouragement.

There are other financial points in the district. Mr. Tarsney said that he was in good financial trim and when his laborers are older he will be in better shape.

Before the battle he will likely be asked as to his financial trim as well.

Congressman Frank of the Ninth is very much worried about what will be done with his party at home. He proposed to him that he had been of an encouraging character. The Democratic nomination was Samual Byrnes of the Ninth. He addressed the other representative, asking him to meet in joint debate on the questions of the day. While perfectly willing to meet Mr. Byrnes on the spot, Mr. Tarsney said that he had a circuitous tour of the district. He will likely inform the Democratic nominee that he can prepare for a debate at De Soto, Mo., on the 25th.

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The Senate adjourned to-morrow.

St. Louis members are decidedly undecided to-night. Congressman Kinsey is anxious to get home, but will not leave until the tariff measure results under his party's proposal. The members received by him had been of an encouraging character. The Democratic nomination was Samual Byrnes of the Ninth. He addressed the other representative, asking him to meet in joint debate on the questions of the day. While perfectly willing to meet Mr. Byrnes on the spot, Mr. Tarsney said that he had a circuitous tour of the district. He will likely inform the Democratic nominee that he can prepare for a debate at De Soto, Mo., on the 25th.

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\$4.50
AT
Barr's.
Come
to See
Barr's
Big
Sale.

Dress Fabrics
Column.

Wools.

A glance down the wool goods aisle—you have to glance down a solid block—shows where the people are buying their new suits, stuff from ten cents a yard to fifty dollars a pattern.

Among the specials this week will be novelty plaids at 40c that are equal in looks to the elegant dollar plaids. A new Scotch heather diagonal suiting at 50c that outwears anything else made.

54-inch all-wool Scotch suiting in checks and plaids at 65c; would be cheap at a dollar.

Camel's hair suiting, 54 inches wide, in all the new stripes and mixtures, for one dollar; others ask fifty cents more for the very same.

Dress Cloths

and Flannels.

Broadcloths, 54 inches wide, black and all colors, 75c a yard. Double-width all-wool dress flannel, solid colors, 29c; fancy 27-inch eiderdown cloth, 50c, and 54-inch French broadcloth in all the leading shades, sold everywhere else at two dollars, for \$1.50 a yard.

Ladies' Japanese silk neck scarfs, 7 inches wide, 54 inches long; in all white and solid color borders; the latest novelty, 85c each.

Ladies' 1½-inch hemstitched pure linen handkerchiefs, hand-embroidered initial, 25c each.

Men's 2-inch hemstitched, blocked and embroidered corners, in all white and colors, for full dress, 50c each.

Men's Wear

Our new extra fine dress shirts, perfect fitting, French brilliant satin stripe bosom, the Magnet, \$1 each.

Men's full dress shirts, best made, embroidered bosom, on plain linen, the General, \$1.85 each.

Men's full dress shirts, embroidered bosom, on brilliant satin stripe, the Bijou, for \$1.85 each.

Men's ingrain heavy cotton half hose, in modes, tans and browns, 20c pair or 6 pair for \$1, cheap.

Stuttgart Normal sanitary underwear, for fall wear, in all sizes, shirts and drawers, \$1.85 each; our own importation.

Black Fabrics.

Silk and wool Henrietta, the leading makes, 40 inches wide, gold bargin at 95c, also up to \$2.50 a yard. 42 and 44-in. black French armures at \$1 a yard. A novelty in French diagonal serge with wide silk stripes at \$1.50 a yard; and a new 42-inch all-wool diagonal with satin stripes at 90c a yard.

Underwear.

Sale special in children's wear.

Children's white merino vests, high neck, long sleeves, drawers and pantaloons, size 16, 25c; 18, 28c; 20, 30c; 22, 33c; 24, 35c; 26, 38c; 28, 40c; 30, 43c; 32, 45c; 34, 48c.

Children's natural wool vests, high neck, long sleeves, drawers and pantaloons, size 18, 30c; 20, 35c; 22, 40c; 24, 45c; 26, 50c; 28, 55c; 30, 60c; 32, 65c.

Children's camel's hair vests, high neck, long sleeves, drawers

Wash Goods

Merrimac and Cocheco dress prints, all new fall styles, 75c a yard. Dark plaid dress ginghams having the same colors as the finest wool fabric at 10c. 30-inch pansy cloth, worth 10c a yard, splendid for comfortables, 65c. Most elegant collection of fall Sicilians in the country, 85c. English sateen and Arnold's 32-inch long cloth, 18x36 inches, 49 cents 18x60 inches, 69 cents 18x72 inches, 78 cents 18x80 inches, 83 cents 18x90 inches, \$1.35.

Hemstitched openwork sets, great bargains in fine goods. Cloth and napkins to match, \$6. \$7, \$7.50 to \$25 a set.

Special—66-inch cream table damask at 88c a yard.

Boys' Clothing.

New reefed jersey jackets for boys 5, 6 and 7 years, the very newest shapes in navy blue at \$5 each.

The latest shapes and extra quality in boys' handsome knee trouser dress suits, 4 to 14 years, for \$5.

Elegant all wool overcoats, 4 to 10 years, beautiful styles, \$6, and boys' new storm coats, all sizes, at \$2.50.

123 pieces, worth \$30, for \$21.

Maddock's English porcelain, 125 pieces, worth \$45, for \$32.

Linens.

Satin damask scarfs just half price. Elegant sideboard dresser scarfs and center pieces in block, clover leaf and ball patterns, beautifully fringed—

18x36 inches, 49 cents 18x60 inches, 69 cents 18x72 inches, 78 cents 18x80 inches, 83 cents 18x90 inches, \$1.35.

Hemstitched openwork sets,

great bargains in fine goods. Cloth and napkins to match, \$6.

Special—66-inch cream table

damask at 88c a yard.

Dinner Sets.

One or two pieces broken or missing out of each set. Come see the grand bargains:

Haviland china set of 125

pieces, worth \$57.50, for \$40.

Carlsbad set of 123 pieces, beautiful goods, worth \$37.50, for \$25.

Beautiful English china set of

123 pieces, worth \$30, for \$21.

Maddock's English porcelain,

125 pieces, worth \$45, for \$32.

The greatest labor-saving invention of the age, the Sam Thermometer iron. Come and see the clothes ironed before your eyes. Irons light and easily handled. No fire in stove. Irons all day with 2 cents' worth of charcoal. Family, seamstress and tailor sizes.

Self-Heating

Sad

Iron.

Iron

THE POST-DISPATCH--PAGES 9 TO 16.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1890.

\$100 IN GOLD.

Who Will Suggest the Feature of the St. Louis Expo. of 1891?

A Contest of Brains, With Gold and Glory as the Reward.

The "Sunday Post-Dispatch" Will Give \$100 to the Person Suggesting the Brightest Ideas for the Next Exposition--The Board of Directors Will Be the Judges and Will Decide the Contest in Grand Music Hall on the 18th of Next Month.

Do you want \$100--one hundred in bright gold?

You may have it and the distinction that goes with it, award for a moment's work.

Add to your think bank, stir up your receptacle for bright suggestions and fish out the one idea that will make you famous; that will make of the St. Louis Exposition in 1891 a greater success than in preceding years, and take away the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH prize.

There is no reason why you should not have as well as your neighbor. He will try for it, but that is not assurance that you will not win.

This is a contest of brains, American brains;

a contest of ingenious, shrewd, inventive, original thinkers.

Get into the center of it and win the prize. In September, 1891, some one, some man,

D. M. Honser, Second Vice-President.
R. M. Starnard, Treasurer.
Charles H. Turner, Secretary.
Frank Gaffens, General Manager.
And here is the Board of Directors:
Sam N. Kessner, E. O. Starnard,
L. D. Kingsland, E. O. Scruggs,
D. M. Honser, Jerome Hill,
M. Metheny, C. H. Sampson,
Joseph Hill, E. Nugent,
Ellis Winwright, T. B. Boyd.

Charles H. Turner,

They are business men every one, men who have ideas of their own, and know how to value a really good suggestion. The Exposition exists because they thought it out; it has lived on their brains, it has been made profitable by their think sparks.

The never the idea the greater will be their welcome for it.

The Conditions.

Try for the prize. Think hard and remember the following conditions:

First. State your idea as briefly as you can, writing only on one side of the paper.

Second. Cut blank from the Sunday Post-Dispatch, fill in the spaces with your name and address, and attach the blank to the paper on which your idea has been written.

Third. There is no limit as to age, sex or previous condition in this contest. Every man, woman or child may enter.

Fourth. The idea must be new. You must suggest something that has not been seen in previous Expositions and your suggestion must contain the element of attractiveness. An improvement on the idea or plans of another person, radically changing its form or application, will be received.

Fifth. All ideas must be either deposited in the box in the office of the Post-Dispatch EXPOSITION ECHOES in the Exposition Machinery Hall or received in the counting-room of the Post-Dispatch, 518 Olive street,

You Can Save

At least 25 cents on every dollar's worth of goods you buy from us. Call on us, see for yourselves and be convinced. We have MORE GOODS and a GREATER VARIETY of them, BETTER STOCK and a LARGER STORE than all the installment places combined.

THE STRAUS-EMERICH OUTFITTING CO.,

LARGEST GENERAL CREDIT HOUSE IN THE WORLD,

Nos. 1121, 1123 and 1125 OLIVE STREET.

FORGING RIGHT AHEAD! Never did such a business in September as we are doing this year. But we're working for it. We sell goods cheaper than other merchants, and that's the reason people come to us. Last week was one of the best of the season. We make our attractions doubly strong to make this week still better. Look at this GRAND SET-OUT. It's an advertisement that speaks for itself, and speaks well. We match the Bargains against any that were ever offered in this community.

Bedroom Suits, XVI Century, Oak or Walnut.

\$7.95, \$14, \$22, \$30

Folding Beds, XVI Century, Oak or Cherry.

\$14.75, \$22, \$28, \$40

Parlor Suits, Hair Cloth, Plush or Tapestry Coverings.

\$18, \$25, \$32, \$46

Cooking and Heating Stoves, all guaranteed.

\$4.25, 6.50, 8.00, 10.00

Double and Single Lounges, all coverings,

\$4.00, 5.75, 7.75, 9.00

Sideboards and Wardrobes, all woods,

\$5.25, 7.50, 10.00, 15.00

OUR TERMS—So that everybody can buy, whether they have the ready cash or not, we will sell all these goods on time payments, without extra charge or interest. No security required.

\$2.00 worth of goods for \$50 per week or \$2.00 a month.
\$3.00 worth of goods for 75¢ per week or \$3.00 a month.
\$5.00 worth of goods for \$10.00 per week or \$4.00 a month.
\$7.50 worth of goods for \$12.50 per week or \$5.00 a month.

Brussels Carpets, in all the Latest Fall Patterns,

42½c, 52½c, 65c, 75c

Ingrain Carpets, ninety-eight patterns,

16½c, 25c, 35c, 50c

Lace Curtains and Window Shades,

21c, 55c, \$1.15, \$2

Blankets and Comforts

55c, \$1, \$1.75, \$2.50

Special-1,000 Kitchen Chairs

15c

Special-600 Kitchen Tables

45c

Special-100 Kitchen Safes

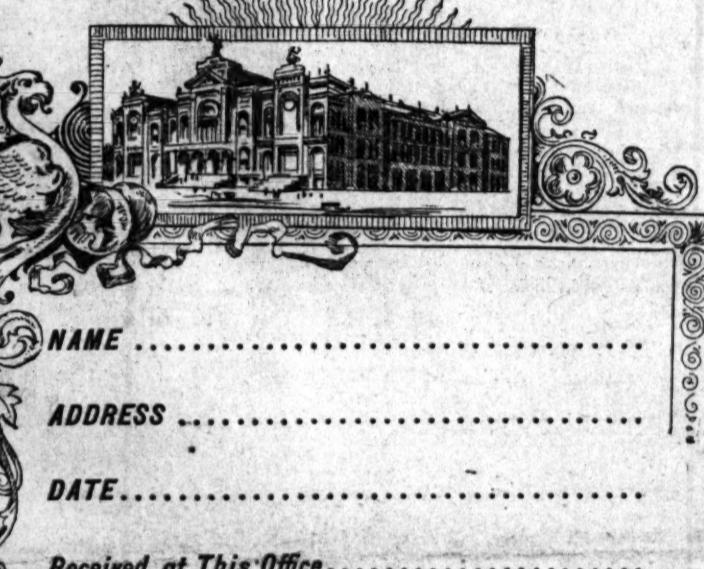
\$2.40

Special-250 Extension Tables

\$2.10

Did You Ever

Consider how much your home can be improved through the help that our CREDIT SYSTEM and the beautiful goods in each and every department offer you? Bear in mind all our departments are brimful of the latest novelties.



Received at This Office

This record form, with name, address and date supplied, must accompany each suggestion entered in the contest.

woman or child, will point with pride to the distinguishing feature of the St. Louis Exposition and say:

"I am its author."

On Oct. 18, 1890, some one, some man, woman or child, will count over \$100 in gold

and say:

"These are mine. The SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH gave them to me for thinking the brightest think for the Exposition of 1891."

The first Exposition was in 1884. The seventh Exposition is a thing of the present. The net profits of the six Expositions that have gone into the past were as follows:

Net Profits

Year \$1,000,000.00

1882 50,761.36

1886 59,329.95

1888 34,459.26

1889 48,940.69

If you have lived in St. Louis seven years you have seen Missouri Park disappear, the Exposition rise on its site; you have seen the enterprise overtake every year.

The year 1888 saw the Knights Templar Conclave in St. Louis.

The year 1887 saw the Grand Army of the Republic, President and Mrs. Cleveland in St. Louis.

The following year, 1888, was monopolized by the presidential election and its excitement.

Those are some of the causes that affected the profile of the various years. Perhaps there were others. Maybe in the history those years made you may find the bright idea that the Exposition Association management will tell the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH is worth \$100 in gold.

ALL MAY COMPETE.

The conditions of the contest are simple. The limitations are few.

The blank printed to-day must be cut out and with its space properly filled it must be attached to the paper upon which the idea has been written.

On the blanks will be found a space for the sender's name and address, but those are not to be published if the writer so desires. Another space will be found for the date of sending and for the date and hour of receiving the message containing the suggestions at the Post-Dispatch office or at the office of the Post-Dispatch EXPOSITION ECHOES.

These blanks are used only to secure absolute fairness as to the winner, so that his name, address and time may be recorded at the moment the suggestion is left in the office.

Suggestions can be left at this office or in the office of the Post-Dispatch EXPOSITION ECHOES in the basement of the Exposition building, in the rear corner.

The blank is printed to-day. It will also be printed in the issues of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of Sept. 28 and Oct. 5.

The winning idea may be the outline of any one attraction or it may be a general plan of novelty for one department or for the whole Exposition. AWARDING THE PRIZE.

Pike County's Republican Organ.

LOUISIANA, Mo., Sept. 20.—The initial number of the *Pike County News*, the new Republican weekly of this city, made its appearance to-day. It is a seven-column quarto, printed on a new press and with new type, and presented in a handsomely appearance. It is owned by Wm. H. Edger, formerly of Jerseyville, Ill. It is published under most favorable auspices than any of its predecessors.

The executive officers of the association are: Sam N. Kessner, President.

M. O. Starnard, First Vice-President.

Mechanics' Exchange Notes.

A special meeting was held yesterday at the Mechanics' Exchange for the purpose of passing resolutions on the death of a member, August Grunwald, who was accidentally killed last Thursday at the Hotel Benton on Pine street.

President T. J. Kelly and Mr. A. H. Starnard left the office of the Post-Dispatch Friday night to attend a meeting of builders in that city.

J. H. Muldoon, State Agent of the Fidelity & Casualty Co. of New York, filed an application for membership in the Exchange yesterday.

Business is brisk on the floor of the Exchange, contractors and others busy with the contracts before the winter session sets in.

We have not reduced the size of our bread, nor will not during the winter. See "Horse and Jockey" label on every loaf.

VIENNA MODEL BAKERY,

107-109 South Eighth street.

The Humane Societies.

The Humane Society of Missouri respects the investigation of 3 cases of beating and whipping, 24 of driving when galled or lame, 22 warnings, 8 cases remedied without prosecution, 9 animals taken from work and 6 killed as unfit for further use. Frank M. Milar and Wm. G. Giese were fined \$20 and \$25 respectively.

The Woman's Humane Society investigated cases as follows: Beating, 2; overdriving, 15; driving, 2; driving when galled or lame, 1; driving, 1; general cruelty, 2; and cruelty to children, 1. Eight cases were reported at the office of which 6 were remedied without prosecution. There were 12 warnings and 3 prosecutions with 2 convictions involving \$20 fines.

LITHIA-POTASH WATER is especially adapted for the use of clubs and hotels Telephone 779.

Order of Chosen Friends.

At the last meeting of Park Council, No. 19, Order of Chosen Friends at its hall, corner of Park and St. Ange avenues, a great deal of routine business was transacted, and among the noted events of the evening was the presentation of a gold medal for \$50,000 to the widow of Friend W. L. Alderson, beneficiary member of this council. Friends Michael Comerford, J. R. Horn, E. W. Thomas and others, delivered addresses on the good and beneficial qualities of the order.

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THE REPORT OF THE CONSUL AT LIVERPOOL ON CHEAP TENEMENTS.

A Consular Report That Is of Importance to American Builders—How Liverpool's Poor Are Sheltered—Arrangements for Sanitary Safety—Cost and Profits of English Tenements—An Interesting Study.

HOUSES FOR THE POOR.

of the corporation was likewise unsuccessful.

The site upon which the dwellings have been erected is bounded on every side by streets and contains 9,195 superficial acres of which 8,000 superficial yards are occupied by dwellings and 5,271 superficial yards in approached and in a quadrangular open space, being fully laid out in lawns, affording cheap means of communication in every part of the city, pass along two of the streets.

The entire area occupied by buildings, after being cleared of trees, is covered with a layer of Portland cement concrete averaging nine inches in thickness, the concrete foundation for the walls being carried to a greater depth, so that a foot or from three to five feet, to receive the various footings to the brick walls.

INTERIOR ARRANGEMENTS.

Above the ground level a damp-proof course

is arranged so as to admit of a free circulation of air through them.

There are five entrances to the quadrangle, provided with ornamental wrought iron gates, approached from the surrounding streets.

Each dwelling has a separate entrance from the quadrangle and common staircase, giving access to the corridor and tenements right and left on each side.

WATER SUPPLY.

A constant service supply is laid on to every dwelling and corridor, and in the courtyards and in the approaches to the entrances and landings, and in corridors. The taps in the courtyards are provided with half-coupling on nose for being connected to the pipes, the pipes being carried from the main to the houses.

THE ILLINOIS CAPITAL.

STATE BOARDS THAT ARE MORE ORNAMENTAL THAN USEFUL.

New Corporations With Well-Paid Attorneys Escape Their Share of the Burden of Taxation—Something About the Board of Equalization and Its Methods—The How Provoked by Mr. Powers—State News



SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 20.—If there is any one thing this State is noted for it is boards. Illinois has a corner on State boards. She has enough to supply all the States in the Government if she would pass them around, but she won't. She will never give up one of them until she is obliged to, and not only that, but there is a constant disposition to create more of them. It so happens that to-day there is only one of the boards in session; that is to say, it is supposed to be in session. The members always adjourn "over Sunday." This means from Thursday afternoon until Tuesday, which means Wednesday morning. This board is called the State Board of Equalization. The business for which the board was ostensibly created some years ago, was to equalize the taxes on the property, real and personal, throughout the State. Every once in a while the members give it out that they are going to meet. They always have a meeting after the assessments are made by the local assessors. The managers of all railroads and other corporations in the State are very shrewd in getting wind of these meetings and are always on hand. The farmers and poor men pay their assessments hard as it may be to them, without a grumble.

HOW CORPORATIONS ESCAPE.

The corporations are always on hand to protest, and to prove conclusively to the board, that the local assessor made a mistake on this particular plant, and has placed the valuation too excessively high. The members assume as air of important dignity and they quarrel all day with the corporation and cross-question the attorney, and, to the outsider, act as if they were really in earnest. They come up here and try to fool somebody; The corporation fellows present their case and stay over night with the members of the board at the Hotel and then they go home next morning in an extremely desirous mood. The railroads, to Chicago frequently, as their railroad transportation costs them nothing; they frequently stop at the Palace Hotel, which institution, the way it is, costs them \$50,000.

The laboring people, who have to scratch gravel to pay their taxes, are never seen, because if they came, they would be taken in.

In these cases, when inducements are given the poor people to offer the board to get it equalized, they like to have the Post-office Inspector in the office, and a well worded six-line resolution is good for a two weeks' debate, and the regular sum of \$3 per member.

ATTACKING THE BOARD.

During the present week, the board got into terrible trouble, most embarrassing and disgraceful, and the members of the board were shaken to the foundation and thrown to the very bottom of the board itself. One of its members, a Chicago man, of the name of Powers, hired a man to be a witness in a case he had brought against the enforcement of the bill.

He was Farwell's, his hall which was packed with people. Powers took the Illinois Board of Equalization for his witness, and he deliberately told the people all about it. He charged the members are in the employ and working in the railroads and the railroads are responsible, and their interests are dishonest, that the name of State Board of Equalization is simply a screen to cover up the rotteness and corruption of the railroads. The name was printed in the Chicago papers, and when the board met Wednesday morning, which is the first of the week, the papers were sent to the clerk's desk and the speech read, and then there was shouting to liquidate. Every member was angry, and his speech was to apologize.

He said he regretted that he had said very harsh things about the board. He didn't know what made him do it. He must have been under some sort of impulse that was beyond the controlling power of man he said here in the board.

Judge Powers and he didn't propose to sit here all day, but he had to speak to make such statements as Mr. Powers made in Chicago without denouncing him as a wilful and malicious liar and an unmitigated scoundrel.

Then they all sailed into him; every member was loaded, they took him, and he was driven out of the room, and the heart of a robber, with the voice of deception and the methods of a boodle; snubbed and despised by his associates, he drove out of the room.

Powers finally braced up and threatened to make public his charges and name the members and the corporation by whom they are employed, and they did it.

MAKING UP LOST TIME.

Gen. Payne, State Auditor, Insurance Commissioner and Chairman of the Board of Equalization, was in the Haymarket riot of Chicago some four years ago. The delegation was composed of the same men, and the same men, presumably for having been caught in bad company. It is believed the jury found him guilty because the men he was with were all found guilty fearing an outburst, they planned not do otherwise.

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THE COURTEOUS DECLINATION.

Why Ex-Presidents Cleveland Cannot Visit Arkansas This Fall

FORT SMITH, Ark., Sept. 20.—Ex-President Cleveland has written a letter to the Board of Directors of the Arkansas State Fair in which he says:

"I should be very much pleased to meet the good people of Arkansas who will attend the fair and to see something of the products of your State, and if I had determined to visit Texas, as I have hoped I might do, I should certainly endeavor to call at Fort Smith on my way."

But he says he has no time to visit Arkansas and the heart of a robber, with the voice of

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THE POST-DISPATCH-PAGES 17 TO 24.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1890.

A CLOUDY CONTRACT

The Amount the City Would Pay for the Merz System Shrouded in Mystery.

Figures Showing That It Would Be Twice What Is Claimed Would Be Needed.

The Proposition for the Reduction of the City's Garbage Shown Up in a Somewhat Startling Manner—Instead of Paying \$30,000 More Than at Present, as the Projectors of the Scheme Assert Would Be All Required, the City Would Probably Have to Expend \$75,000 in Addition to What Is Now Expended in This Way.

THE city of St. Louis pays \$25,000 a year for the collection of its garbage. The city pays \$15,000 for the maintenance of dumps at the river where that garbage is dumped.

There is a contract now before the Council for the disposal of the garbage by what is known as the Merz system. Should the Merz contract be approved the city would continue to pay \$25,000 a year to Mr. Jas. Hardy, the slop contractor, and still pay \$15,000 a year for the maintenance of the dump boats, so that

there is no saving in that direction as far as the city is concerned, although the projectors of the bill claim that there is. Not a single item of expense now borne by the city directly or indirectly on the garbage end of the line will be cut down. The only thing that the adoption of the Merz system will entail is additional expense and trouble and no relief whatever, either financially or from a sanitary point of view.

The projectors of the bill which gives them the exclusive right to collect the city's contract claim that the river will be purified and cleared when the slop and tonnage of all kinds from breweries, distilleries, slaughter-houses and all of the manufacturing establishments in the city. The proportion of malaria breeders in the city is 100 per cent, the river and collects in the city at Jefferson Barracks is largely furnished by the sewers and the withdrawal of that portion of it which is not in the city is a small amount, if any, but a small proportion.

The city of St. Louis is not so situated that it has not already means of disposing of its garbage and its sewage. It does not have to put it out as Boston does, nor does it leave it to float back and forth in the heart of the city, as does Chicago. So the only influence which St. Louis has on the garbage or sewage, and to afford it the slight relief gained by cremation is hardly worth the price paid.

As to the price it will cost the city, there are very few available figures. Mr. Hardy, for the protection of his own interests, refuses to state the amount he would charge the city in a year and that St. Louis Reduction Co. people if they do know will not give straight figures nor their authorities for them. The only thing the city can do is to pay the same amount of garbage as they are paying Mr. Hardy to haul and dump. All they know is the price they are paying.

Dr. E. Martin, the Health Commissioner, was asked if he had any idea how many tons of garbage were disposed of at the city's expense each year.

He said, "I don't know." "What then is the basis on which you figure out the slop contract?" was asked.

"It is a very rough guess over and on the amount of work it takes to go over such district."

"There is no way of arriving at even an approximate amount?"

"No, unless the slop contractor should keep an accurate account of the number of wagon loads and the average weight of each one."

"How do you know then that the prices are fair ones?"

"There are a number of bidders who want the contract, and the lowest would be sure to get close to the real price, and the lowest one is a fair one."

Under such circumstances it is rather difficult to find out how many times 9 cents the city will pay the St. Louis Reduction Co. if they secure a contract on those terms. Some day the city will have to pay, however. A week or so ago Hardy's carts in six days hauled 456 loads averaging 3,500 pounds each at 9 cents per hundred pounds. For reduction he takes from the cost of spectators and weighing on the basis of that week the city will spend about \$1,500 for the disposal of its slop.

The week during which the count was made was a very rainy one, during which the garbage crop is about half way between the maximum and the minimum. In such a week the garbage is small, and fruits are plentiful, the garbage is increased.

In the midst of winter it reaches the lowest point and much of it is burned.

The average will run rather high, however, and as soon as the St. Louis Reduction Co. gets control it proposes to increase the garbage collections to a very considerable extent.

There is one class of this matter, the disposal of which has not yet been decided upon, and that is the disposal of hotel and butcher-shops, which is now a sold proposition to who make it their business of applying it to various purposes. Under the "ordinance and the conditions" of the St. Louis Reduction Co. this is, it is claimed, cannot be handled or disposed of by any but the most unscrupulous people. Practically run over people out of business and of small but helpful revenue which the hotels and restaurants now receive from this class of material.

A BIG INCOME. On a basis of \$1,500 a week the Reduction Co. would get from the city \$75,000 a year. Out of this it would add an additional \$30,000 at the rate of \$3 a ton for all they produce from the garbage in the shape of fertilizer. On the basis of the week mentioned the city would add 300 tons of fertilizer a week, which would add \$900 to the amount paid out by the city. The projectors say that their profits are very small and that the process is very expensive.

Dr. E. Martin of Milwaukee wrote a letter to Dr. J. C. Conforto, the president of the Reduction company at the annual meeting last Thursday. Dr. Martin was the Health Commissioner of Milwaukee and had a good deal of freedom of speech. He said, "I believe they had either to bury it or burn it eight miles out into the lake."

Taking his figures, which Mr. Conforto made out, and applying them to the 100,000 inhabitants, St. Louis for collecting the garbage and \$10,000 for disposing of it by the Merz system, St. Louis, two and a half times as many inhabitants, would spend \$75,000 a year for the same purpose. Dr. Martin says they had

DON'T FORGET IT.

FOR IF YOU DO YOU WILL SURELY REGRET IT.

The Beautiful Water Color Study Entitled "Life Long Companions" Will Be Given Free to Every Want Advertiser in the "Sunday Post-Dispatch" of Sept. 22.

THE beautiful water color study entitled "Now Then, Boys," went off like hot cakes yesterday, and the "want" advertisers of to-day and tomorrow are happy, for to-day and to-morrow they will get their wanted pictures, and they already have a beautiful picture. The plan has been so kindly received that it is not to stop with one picture, but the want advertisers of next Sunday will get another fine water color study that is entirely different from the one that was given to-day, in fact is a direct contrast, as the sketch given below indicates. The study that is for next Sunday's "want" advertisers in the Post-DISPATCH is entitled "Life Long Companions," and underneath the title is the line "Chains that tie the hidden soul of harmony." The coloring of the picture is very fine.

The picture is that of an elderly musician, evidently a German, playing a horn. He looks the picture of contentment with his pile of music books in front of him. On his head he wears a cap. The picture is a most pleasant one and will make many a room the brighter by its presence.

The "want" advertisers in the next SUNDAY Post-DISPATCH will not only get this beautiful picture free, but a chance to have it framed at a price far below the usual retail price. The

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FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 E. 11TH ST.—Second-story front for light tenant; also one hall; \$10 per week. 12
16 N. 11TH ST.—2 large unfurnished rooms, for a small family. 12
20 TARGEE ST., near Market st.—Three rooms and kitchen, first floor, water on same; terms low. 12
8. 15TH ST.—2 large unfurnished front rooms; single or in suites. 12
107 8. 16TH ST.—2 large unfurnished front rooms; single or in suites. 12
118 S. 16TH ST.—Newly furnished rooms. 12
208 S. 17TH ST.—Near Exposition—2 parlor rooms with bath; also other rooms. 12
211 MILLER ST.—2 rooms and kitchen, 1st floor, south of Chouteau st.; 2; 1st floor. 12
316 N. 11TH ST.—near Locust—A splendid furnished room, gas and bath, for rent only. 12
325 OLIVE ST., corner of 10th and Locust—Furnished room, 20x12, for one month. 12
327 ARGYLE AV.—Six rooms, partly furnished. 12
413 LOCUST ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms by the day or week; reasonable. 12
515 CHESTNUT ST.—Two rooms, unfurnished. 12
807 N. 9TH ST.—One set furnished rooms. 12
811 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms by the day. 12
818 N. BEAUMONT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms convenient to two tables. 12
823 S. 7TH ST.—One furnished room. 12
903 HICKORY ST.—Furnished or unfurnished room; 20x12. 12
913 N. HIGH ST.—A small furnished room on 2d floor. 12
918 N. 19TH ST.—Newly furnished rooms on first floor. 12
921 S. LOUIS AV.—A nicely furnished front room, with fire, cheap. 12
923 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished room or two front rooms; suitable for one or two gentlemen. 12
926 N. 15TH ST.—Hall room. 12
930 N. 10TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; new house. 12
1000 PINE AV.—2 rooms and kitchen. 12
1002 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms, low as \$1. week. 12
1007 ELICE ST.—A neatly furnished front parlor; for 3d and 4th story front room; also small rooms; very conveniences. 12
1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice rooms, 1 week or day at reasonable rates. 12
1102 N. 24TH ST.—A nicely furnished room. 12
1110 S. 15TH ST.—One furnished front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1110 N. 12TH ST.—One elegantly furnished front room for two or three gents, where there is no other roomers, with every home comfort. 12
1111 GLASGOW AV.—Two neatly furnished furnished rooms, 2d floor; front, light housekeeping; for gents. 12
1113 CHESTNUT ST.—One neat furnished room. 12
1114 CHAMBERS ST.—Nicely furnished room; references given and required. 12
1116 2D CARONDELET AV.—To party employed during day large, well furnished 2d-story front, \$10, or back parlor for \$12 per month; gas and bath. 12
1120 BROOKLYN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms. 12
1132 AND 1136 WASHINGTON AV.—Fine 2d rooms, day, week or month; 50c. 12
1150 S. 7TH ST.—A nice furnished room for gents. 12
1200 PINE ST.—Nice, cheap, rooms in suits of three each with water; \$7.50 and \$8. 12
1205 "SPRING" AV.—Rooms. 12
1207 CHOUTEAU AV.—5 nice rooms on 1st floor; \$15. 12
1210 HICKORY ST.—Furnished rooms, 2d story, day, night. 12
1220 PARK AV.—Furnished room; 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1222 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; gas and bath. 12
1223 KIRKWOOD ST.—Front room, private family; 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1224 SHERIDAN AV.—2 or 3 nicely furnished rooms, light housekeeping; heat and light supplied; southern exposure. 12
1225 A MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, 2d floor; 24x30; single or double; all southern exposure. 12
1226 MORGAN ST.—2d-story front room, nicely furnished; private family. 12
1227 SHERIDAN AV.—A nicely furnished front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1228 OLIVE ST.—By owner, two rooms, 3d floor; day, night. 12
1229 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice furnished room; 2d floor; front room; gas and bath; private family. 12
1230 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room; 2d floor; all conveniences; day, night. 12
1231 MORGAN ST.—2d-story front room; nicely furnished; private family. 12
1232 SHERIDAN AV.—2d-story front room; nicely furnished; private family. 12
1233 KIRKWOOD ST.—Front room, 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1234 SHERIDAN AV.—2d-story front room; nicely furnished; private family. 12
1235 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished room; 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1236 WASHINGTON AV.—Front room; 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1237 KIRKWOOD ST.—Front room, 2d floor; electric car passes the door. 12
1238 S. 15TH ST.—A nice furnished room for gents. 12
1239 FRANCIS ST.—First floor, three beautiful rooms, water; dry cellar; latest improvement; gas and bath; electric car; one block east of Grand; keys at 2443. 12
1502 PINE ST.—Handsome room, 2d floor front; 2d floor; very cheap. 12
1606 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished front room; 2d floor. 12
16261 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 12
1635 MORGAN ST.—One nicely furnished 2d-story room, front, completed for housekeeping; also one nice room, 2d floor. 12
1704 CHESTNUT ST.—One large front room, \$3 per week; one large back room, \$2.50 per week; also elegantly furnished double parlor. 12
1715 CAMP ST.—2 connecting rooms, furnished front room; water; gas; electric car; day water on same floor. 12
1735 MISSISSIPPI AV.—A large nicely furnished 2d-story front room, S. E. W. ex; gas, bath and fire. 12
1801 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 12
1805 CAMP ST.—Nicely parlor room; bath; private family; terms \$9 per month. 12
1806 WASH ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1807 WASH ST.—Handsome 2d-story alcove; 1st floor; single room; single room; bath; very reasonable. 12
1807 GARRISON AV.—Front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1835 CAMP ST.—Furnished room. 12
1850 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room; bath; private family; terms \$9 per month. 12
1851 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1852 WASH ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1853 GARRISON AV.—Front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1854 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1855 FINE ST.—One block east of Lafayette Park—Three rooms, 2d floor; water; gas and bath. 12
1855 CHOUTEAU AV.—2d floor in private family; furnished; all conveniences; rent reasonable. 12
1860 OLIVE ST.—Front room; with or without board; 1st large room; 2d floor; 2d floor; stragers accommodated. 12
1863 WASHINGTON AV.—Tenants for basement; gas and lighting; ironing. 12
1866 MARKET ST.—Furnished room for 2d floor; 2d floor. 12
1867 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 12
1868 MORGAN ST.—Front room, completed for housekeeping; also one nice room, 2d floor. 12
1870 CHESTNUT ST.—One large front room, \$3 per week; one large back room, \$2.50 per week; also elegantly furnished double parlor. 12
1871 CAMP ST.—2 connecting rooms, furnished front room; water; gas; electric car; day water on same floor. 12
1875 MISSISSIPPI AV.—A large nicely furnished 2d-story front room, S. E. W. ex; gas, bath and fire. 12
1880 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room. 12
1885 CAMP ST.—Nicely parlor room; bath; private family; terms \$9 per month. 12
1896 WASH ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1897 WASH ST.—Handsome 2d-story alcove; 1st floor; single room; single room; bath; very reasonable. 12
1898 GARRISON AV.—Front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1900 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1901 FINE ST.—Handsome room, 2d floor front; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1902 OLIVE ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
1903 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
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1907 WASH ST.—Handsome 2d-story alcove; 1st floor; single room; single room; bath; very reasonable. 12
1908 GARRISON AV.—Front room; for 2d and 3d. 12
1911 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
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2095 CAMP ST.—Front room; 2d floor; all conveniences. 12
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SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

INTEREST IN THE MCALULIFE-SLAVIN FIGHT AT WHITE HEAT.

Both Men in the Pink of Condition—Bettie Slightly Favoring the Americans—Pugilistic Pointers—The Manhattan Club's Palace—Wheat Matters—A Record Cut Down—General Sporting Notes.



NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—It nothing happens to interfere with the plans of the Ormonde Club it will be known all over the civilized world by Sunday morning whether Joe McAlulife or Frank Slavin is the better Slavin is the better. It was specified in the articles of agreement that the fight should take place during the first week in October, but the cables announce that the affair would occur to-morrow night. McAlulife is in the pink of condition, weighs 210 pounds and looks like a 2-year-old. Slavin is a stony fighter and is in perfect fix. It is thought that McAlulife will take first money. The other fellow is a speedy one, but a careful comparison of their records will show that McAlulife has whipped more fairly good men than has the Australian. The money seems to be going on Slavin, but the odds are not very long against the American and it is not likely that better than 8 to 5 will be offered at the ring side.

Orchard Temple, proprietor of the club, will charge the newspaper men 10 guineas apiece for admission, and it will cost other who desire to see the "go" all the way from \$6 up to \$10, according to the depth of the genniness of the records.

Races at the Illinois State Fair.

Bicycle racing will be made a prominent feature at the Illinois State Fair to be held at Peoria, Oct. 1, and four events will be run, for which bicycles, gold watches, gold and silver medals and bronze clocks are offered as prizes. The average speed will be one mile, safety, one-mile scratch, ordinary, one mile, boys under 16 years of age, ordinary, and one-mile safety handicap. The other two events will be scratch, the same as that of the famous Lake View Park track, and as it will be put in condition by the men who have charge of the track, it will be a source of anxiety to the race managers when the safety first appears upon the track, and it becomes management's duty to see that the safety first is run in the same events with the ordinary. Wheelmen are simply repeating the same experience, and the decision ultimately rendered will be to scratch the safety first, and to talk of classifying a wheel when there are but two or three in the country, but this will not be so next season.

The Pneumatic to Be Classified.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Much has been written and a great deal said in reference to some action looking towards a solution of the pneumatic tire problem. The best suggestion made yet is to classify the wheel. We have the ordinary and the safety race, why not create the pneumatic race? It is the desire of the men who are in charge of the race managers when the safety first appears upon the track, and it becomes management's duty to see that the safety first is run in the same events with the ordinary. Wheelmen are simply repeating the same experience, and the decision ultimately rendered will be to scratch the safety first, and to talk of classifying a wheel when there are but two or three in the country, but this will not be so next season.

Record Lowered.

READING, Pa., Sept. 20.—In the bicycle contest this afternoon to beat the world's record for the half-mile (1.0, and 1500), made by W. L. Wilhem of this city, in 1886, William Van Wagner of Newark, R. I., won the championship in 1 h. and 7 m., W. C. Seeds of Wilmington, Del., came in second in 1 h. 10 m., Wilhem's record was broken 10 days ago, and his record was 1 h. 20 m. The race was the cause being from Myrtlewood to Reading.

From Ocean to Ocean.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 20.—Des Moines Cycling Club to-night entertains Ernest F. P. Rowe and Mr. Barr of Boston and New Haven. They are making a trip on safeties from ocean to ocean. Twenty-four days have elapsed since they started, and they expect to reach San Francisco by Dec. 1.

Cycling Chat.

Representative Garner of Carthage is in the city.

The Calumet Cycling Club of Belleville is a prominent feature.

Twelve applications for membership are already posted on the Missouri's bulletin board.

All local wheelmen are invited to attend to-day's runs with the Missouri's at St. Louis.

The bicycle thief who recently stole a safety from A. L. Jordan has been caught by the Knoxville (Tenn.) police.

A meeting of the Track Association will be called during the week, at which Secretary F. C. Clegg will be present.

Negotiations are pending between the Track Association and the M. A. A. C. for the use or Cempton Avenue Park for foot-ball games.

Taxis and Zimmers will soon attain to a record for tandem record over the Lancaster Pike courses and will be assisted by the Philadelphia cyclists.

Bert Harding sustained an ugly fall on the first day at Peoria which wrecked his wheel. The champion did not capture some of the prizes.

George S. Rhodes, the popular manager of amateur athletics, has gone into the insurance business. His friends will wish him well in his new venture.

Missouri had two applicants for leagues membership in last week's Bulletin, of which Sodalis contributed two, Kansas City two, and St. Louis two, P. E. Mitchell and C. A. Parker.

Runs to-day: Missouri Bicycle Club, to Pleasant, under command of their captain; Cushing Club, to St. Louis, starting from their club house at 10 a. m.; the Cushing Club, at 8:30 a. m., and extend a cordial invitation to all unattached wheelmen to accompany them.

H. Dippold of Pittsburgh, who started two weeks ago on a 900-mile tour to this city, arrived here Wednesday morning and reports he had a hard ride of it on account of the weather. He is now in the care of his decappers, Lenox and Pattiwick, who ride an ordinary, and is equipped with a camera which shows views of all the places he visited on route.

An air of unusual activity pervaded the pretty club-house of the Missouri Bicycle Club last evening when the club's first smoker on its anniversary took place. As each man was given a cigarette and a cigar, and a glass of beer, and told to smoke the pipe of peace. The Entertainment Committee covered the expenses.

Several new features will be introduced in the bicycle race at the Olympic's games next Sunday.

The good work accomplished by the St. Louis Foot Ball Association should be continued.

The M. A. A. C. has opened Compton Avenue Park for the winter, and will have it in good shape for foot ball.

Some of the best foot ball material in the city has joined the M. A. A. C. and its team is in excellent condition.

The track at Belmont Park is being put in very good condition for the Olympic's games. Look out for records.

What a great race Wissack and Skillinger would make as a quarter. The Missouri and Carrollton will send down large delegations, and if the local clubs hold out, the spectators will be in for a treat.

It is safe to predict that the Christian Brothers' team will not be far down in the scale the coming season as it was last.

Despite the very conservative policy of the

would long linger in the minds of the participants. Quincy wheelmen want the tour held on Oct. 1, and that date will doubtless be agreed upon.

The Philadelphia Ledger enlightens its readers on the tyres that are destined to shortly become the rage. There can be no doubt that the anti-vibration tire is the coming thing among racing men, the question now being as to the relative merits of the various types. The first inflated tire to be invented, now holds a majority of the world's track records and the association caused by its recent appearance on the tracks in this country, ridden by members of the N. Y. A. C., is familiar to all. The new tires are not yet in use in the world's meets. The weak point in the machine, judging from its record in England, seems to be its liability to burst or cut, allowing the air to escape, and causing a most painful plight. The cushion tire, of which there are only two or three in this country, instead of being inflated, is an air-cup, as is the pneumatic, an air-cup, light and without inches in diameter, the rubber of which is very much heavier than the pneumatic, and, therefore, will not be able to stand the strain of a race. After making a tire which would ordinarily be fitted to a 26-inch wheel, it is stretched on a 22-inch wheel, thereby greatly increasing the cushion, which absorbs much of the vibration experienced on a safety machine.

Editor of the Standard, of New York, says upon the ordinary tire, but it will require a season's experience to form an accurate opinion of their relative speed qualities.

Bowling.

At a special meeting of the Board of Management of the St. Louis Croquet and Billiard League, Messrs. Metcalf and Daffey were appointed a special committee, with authority to award the contract and get up the master for the official league guide. It will contain the constitution and by-laws, together with the rules and schedule, and a special feature will be the record of all the games, which will be a complete record of all the matches bowled during the championship season. This is the first book of the kind ever issued in the history of the league.

At a meeting of the Crescent Bowling Club held last Thursday evening Mr. Theo. Hennemann succeeded in making the first 300 on the new alleys of the St. Louis Bowling Association.

THE CRESCENT BOWLING.

M. Winter again won the medal at the weekly meet of the Crescents Croquet and Billiard Club.

The score: Total. Average.

Branchworth	179	35.6
Branchworth	150	30
Branchworth	129	30.5
Froebel	175	35
Cassel	156	31.5
Stevens	143	28.5
Winter	206	41.2
	130	26

Plato Practice.

Mohrstadt won the medal at the regular weekly shoot of the St. Louis Pistol Club. Out of a possible 100 the following scores were made on the standard target reduced to 12½ inches:

G. Mohrstadt	91
G. W. Alexander	80
W. Sauer	88
M. C. Hillmeyer	86
A. McLean	83
D. L. Barker	79
H. F. Stummel	78
H. E. Stummel	76
W. C. Mackwill	65

During the week Mr. S. G. Dorman made the remarkable score of 90 out of a possible 100. This ties the record on this target.

Foot-Ball.

The first and second elevens of the Hibernian Foot-ball Club will open the season this afternoon at Forest Park. The game will commence at 2:30 o'clock.

The Shamrock team will play a practice game at Forest Park to-day. Play will be called at 3 p. m.

A New Bowling Association.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The proposition to organize an American Amateur Bowling Association is under way. All the prominent clubs in and around New York City and some in prominent cities in other States are taking an interest in the formation of a national association.

A temporary organization was formed and committed to the care of Messrs. C. C. Zahn, T. C. Currie and Waddington, who appointed to draft a resolution and by-laws. A standard of rules was submitted for adoption.

Entries for the league will be run under strict amateur definition. One of the rules prohibits officials from betting, directly or indirectly, on games in which they are acting as officials.

Sherill Not in It.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—C. H. Sherill, champion sprinter of Yale University, competed in the 100-yard handrace at Kensington Oval to-day, but was palpably out of form and easily beaten, though not until after a good race.

The American's record was broken 10 days ago, and he is thoroughly fit now, but he knows something of the game. Bowes is a good one, to be sure, but he will wait a long while before he wins the title.

McAlulife again and if he flashes sufficient quantity of the "long graft" he will be a good fighter. McAlulife's record will not be beaten, as he is a fast fighter and will be plumpassed at such tactics. McAlulife's seconds will be Madson and either Lambeth or Jack Darks. Slavin's seconds will be McCarroll and his trainer, Start. As soon as the men step into the ring Madson will offer to back the fight at \$1000. Madson's record is not good, but he is a better fighter than at present. McAlulife is a slight favorite to-night, but he will be beaten.

Missouri had two applicants for leagues membership in last week's Bulletin, of which Sodalis contributed two, Kansas City two, and St. Louis two, P. E. Mitchell and C. A. Parker.

Runs to-day: Missouri Bicycle Club, to Pleasant, under command of their captain; Cushing Club, to St. Louis, starting from their club house at 10 a. m.; the Cushing Club, at 8:30 a. m., and extend a cordial invitation to all unattached wheelmen to accompany them.

All local wheelmen are invited to attend to-day's runs with the Missouri's at St. Louis.

The bicycle thief who recently stole a safety from A. L. Jordan has been caught by the Knoxville (Tenn.) police.

A meeting of the Track Association will be called during the week, at which Secretary F. C. Clegg will be present.

Negotiations are pending between the Track Association and the M. A. A. C. for the use or Cempton Avenue Park for foot-ball games.

Taxis and Zimmers will soon attain to a record for tandem record over the Lancaster Pike courses and will be assisted by the Philadelphia cyclists.

Bert Harding sustained an ugly fall on the first day at Peoria which wrecked his wheel. The champion did not capture some of the prizes.

George S. Rhodes, the popular manager of amateur athletics, has gone into the insurance business. His friends will wish him well in his new venture.

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THE POST-DISPATCH-PAGES 25 TO 28.

ST. LOUIS, SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 21, 1890.

IN HERRNUT.

The Capital City of the Moravian Brethren Communities.

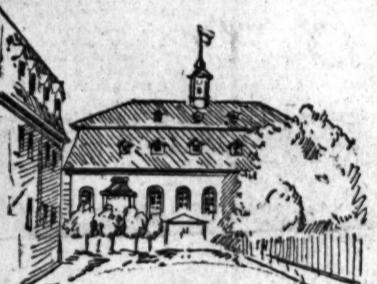
It's Perfectly Contented People and Their Unique Mode of Life.

An Ideal Community in Their Picturesque Home in Southern Saxony—Communistic Reforms that Were Tried and Failed Are Now Kept Up Only in the Church and in the Cemetery—The Festivals of the Community and Their Childlike Faith—The Dress of the Women—The Social Order and the Amusements.

Special Correspondence SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

HERRNUT, Sept. 2.—Herrnuth is one of the places not spoken of in guide books, but is visited by hundreds of tourists, who are drawn hither by the reports about the strange people and their peculiar habits and customs. Much that is written about the people is no longer true; and yet the traveler who is interested in something besides art galleries, grand churches and museums will be abundantly repaid by a visit to this little town.

Herrnuth is situated in one of the most picturesque valleys of Southern Saxony, and is, to speak, the capital city of many religious communities of Moravian Brethren, scattered over Europe and America. This religious sect, after enduring much persecution at the hands of Austrian Emperors, finally found refuge upon the estates of Count Zinzendorf, in Saxony. Seeing the pious and exemplary life of these Brethren, the Count gave them the lands for an eternal possession, and in 1722 the first tree was felled for the building of Herrnuth. The spot chosen for the town was at the foot of a hill called Hubberg, and since the brethren regard themselves under the guidance of God's providence the town was called Herrnuth (The Lord's Care). In the

The Church.
beginning the church and the town government were the same and both went by the name of the Unity. This is the case, even now, and one constantly hears what the Unity does. The town increased in size rapidly and in a short time numbered 600 souls. At present there is a population of some 1,500, most of whom belong to the Unity.

Although business is carried on by the people, it is in complete cooperation with the rest of the world, several trains arriving daily. In appearance the town does not differ from other German towns. The houses are built of stone, whitewashed or painted on the outside, and are surrounded by numerous trees and shrubbery. Indeed, Herrnuth is a picture town, and viewed from Hubberg presents as beautiful a picture as one could wish to see.

One of the most popular cemeteries ever seen, is the cemetery in the center of the town, and other property, still there are several things that show the communistic tendencies of the Unity. The hotel, the drug store and a glove factory belong to the public, the glove factory being going into the general treasury. The Unity also takes care of its people, and all such are not capable of earning a living, are housed in the town, and some have their own apartments, and go to work, still labor, but need some assistance, there are houses where they can live very cheaply and comfortably. These are brethren's sisters' and

The Sisters' House.
WIDOWS' HOUSES.
In these, the inmates for a very small rent have a very comfortable home for their old age. The houses are not all of the same, but such as would be found in any well regulated household. The widows live in moderate comfort, and are surrounded by numerous trees and shrubbery. Indeed, they much resemble the sarcophagi that are seen in most of the European churches. Upon entering the cemetery we saw that these stones mark the resting places of Count Zinzendorf and his family.

Among the festivals held by the Unity the most important is the day of the Ascension. On this day the people go to the cemetery to the cemetery in processions and with music and singing. They not only speak of the resurrection of the dead, but also of the resurrection of their bodies, which have died during the year. Their faith in God is so genuine, and their belief in the resurrection of the dead so strong, that they are willing to sacrifice their bodies and speculations, that death to them is not a translation and a promotion. And here one great secret of all their success is to be found.

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Michael Samuel, a tanner.

The last two names given of the extensive property held in the town are engaged in the manufacture of leather. The tannery is the largest in the town, and the leather is made for the use of the town, and in the cemetery. The graves are in regular rows, and each one has a plain slab of marble laid on the top with no inscription, except the name of the deceased and date of death. There is no difference, whatever, in the appearance of the graves of the rich and poor.

Baron von Schrenckenbach, a young youth preparing for missionary work.

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Over the last two years the people have been separated from the church, and the constant separation of the sexes. Even as children, the boys and girls are kept separate, each having their own school. Every picnic and excursion is given up for each separately. Thus there are excursions for the brethren, sisters, for the boys, and for the girls. A young man, who is a student at the school, has this with great disgust. "What does a fellow want at an excursion? If there are no girls there?" he exclaimed. "Then, see, he continued, "the Herrnuth girls are so

that if you speak to one she will east down her eyes and run away." In church one side of the hall is reserved for the men and the other for the women. But

AFTER DEATH

this separation is kept up, the women being buried in the cemetery on the side of the cemetery and the men at the other.

I asked one of the elders how the young people became acquainted with each other. He said, "We are all well acquainted. People visit each other at their homes, and a young man readily discovers that young lady is pleasant to him. The young man often goes to him, and the young lady to him, and they have a good opportunity for young people to cultivate each other's society. We do not separate the sexes except in the church, when there is a service for both parties."

"Since you are so strict and watchful, do your young people ever forget themselves and their duties?"

The Elder replied: "Not often, but sometimes five years ago we had such a case. The guilty persons were expelled from the Unity, and were married we received them back."

In the early days of the Unity marriages were made in secret, and were married we received them back."

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CHAPTER VI.

(Written for the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.)
The wind had been blowing from across the river, so that when she was moored, nothing could have saved her from destruction by the torrent of blazing oil that rushed down the slope toward her. Even her occupants would have stood but a slight chance of escaping. The stream of leaping flame was so wide, and came toward them with such extraordinary swiftness, that before they could have reached the shore, and so far out of its limits in either direction, it would have been upon them. Their only chance would have been to throw themselves into the swift current of the river, from the opposite side of their boat, with the hope of grasping a bank at a safe distance below.

Uncle Phin was helpless with terror, and completely bewildered by the suddenness of the peril that threatened them. Thus it was entirely owing to Arthur's presence of mind and quick wit that their boat was saved and they escaped the necessity of taking the desperate plunge that would probably have drowned one or both of them.

The boy had noticed that the storm came from over the hills on their side of the river, and, as the flames roared down, and struck the broad banks of the river, smoke and flames rose from the masts and yards of the boats.

He remembered this, and was quick to turn his observations to account.

He sprang up, as he severed at a single blow the rope holding the boat at one end and then, running to the other, out with that equal promptness with which he had made his leap. Phin's trembling hands held the old man's shawl off from shore with all his strength, at one end, while, with a long, bold pull, he dashed the boat across the river, and, wading astern, disappeared down the forest road.

For some time the boy amused himself in the boat; but his thoughts were soon after an hour or so he grew lonely, and began to watch anxiously for Uncle Phin's return. Expecting to see the full glare of the flames at any moment, he had no time to waste, and finally the boy decided to take his book and wade ashore. There he would find a company of his peers, and, from whom he could learn of the progress of the fire.

He found just such a place as he had imagined, a deliciously cool, shade, surrounded by spreading oak trees, and com-

After breakfast, or rather after dinner; for, although they did not know it, it was past 1 o'clock before they finished their dinner, they had turned overboard to examine her situation. They found she had grounded on a sandbar that afforded her a temporary hold, but which had given way in a firm grasp. Uncle Phin cut down a young tree, trimmed of its branches, and, using it as a lever, with the aid of the boy's strength, he raised the boat off the bar; but to no purpose. The combined strength of the old man and the boy produced but little effect, and, as the boat was too heavy for all the strength they could command, was but weakness compared with what was needed.

In such a very unfortunate situation, particularly as they had only provisions enough to last a few days and knew not where they were to obtain more. Then, too, it was now the middle of October, a most high-water time, and they could expect that year, and in the meantime the river would be apt to fall lower and lower, leaving them in a most dangerous position.

Of course Arthur was not afraid. He scorned the idea. What should he be afraid of? It was not likely that anyone would hurt him, and, if he did, Uncle Phin would be there to help him.

Arthur was not afraid, but the boy's fears would have availed little, but for the powerful aid lent by the young hero. While thus the lad was at work, the rope holding the boat at one end and then, running to the other, out with that equal promptness with which he had made his leap. Phin's trembling hands held the old man's shawl off from shore with all his strength, at one end, while, with a long, bold pull, he dashed the boat across the river, and, wading astern, disappeared down the forest road.

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Arthur was not afraid, but the boy's fears would have availed little, but for the powerful aid lent by the young hero. While thus the lad was at work, the rope holding the boat at one end and then, running to the other, out with that equal promptness with which he had made his leap. Phin's trembling hands held the old man's shawl off from shore with all his strength, at one end, while, with a long, bold pull, he dashed the boat across the river, and, wading astern, disappeared down the forest road.

For some time the boy amused himself in the boat; but his thoughts were soon after an hour or so he grew lonely, and began to watch anxiously for Uncle Phin's return. Expecting to see the full glare of the flames at any moment, he had no time to waste, and finally the boy decided to take his book and wade ashore. There he would find a company of his peers, and, from whom he could learn of the progress of the fire.

He found just such a place as he had imagined, a deliciously cool, shade, surrounded by spreading oak trees, and com-

After breakfast, or rather after dinner; for, although they did not know it, it was past 1 o'clock before they finished their dinner, they had turned overboard to examine her situation. They found she had grounded on a sandbar that afforded her a temporary hold, but which had given way in a firm grasp. Uncle Phin cut down a young tree, trimmed of its branches, and, using it as a lever, with the aid of the boy's strength, he raised the boat off the bar; but to no purpose. The combined strength of the old man and the boy produced but little effect, and, as the boat was too heavy for all the strength they could command, was but weakness compared with what was needed.

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BOOKS AND BOOK NEWS.

THE NEW NOVEL WRITTEN BY A ST. LOUIS WOMAN.

"One of Berrian's Novels," by Mrs. C. H. Stoen—Kipling's New Stories—The Latest Magazines and What is New in Them—Notes and Gossip of the Literary World.

"One of Berrian's Novels," by Mrs. C. H. Stoen of St. Louis, was, as the author says in her eleventh century preface, "suggested by certain criticisms of the conditions described in Mr. Bellamy's 'Looking Backward.'"

"It is quite the fashion for tales of such conditions to make a great monotony of character and incident, and a lack of all incentive to action, when really they would be more interesting. The author has laid in St. Louis, A. D. 1897, seven years after the great revolution of 1897 and the establishment of the co-operative republic of Bellamy's 'New World,' and has certainly answered the critics mentioned.

There is little monotony in the life of the republic where there are no kings, no nobles, and where there is pretty much like the nineteenth century ancestors and animated by pretty much the same motives. Action, however, is lacking because of the lack of social control—and the life is as bright and sunny and many-colored as the most enthusiastic Bellamy could wish. There is no lack of money, no lack of education, and no unsuccessful rebellion, a kidnapping, a murder, and a suicide.

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